# UNITED STATES <br> FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION WASHINGTON, DC 20429 

FORM 8-K<br>CURRENT REPORT

## Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported):
April 20, 2023

## BANK OZK

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
Arkansas
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

110
(FDIC Certificate Number)

71-0130170
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

18000 Cantrell Road, Little Rock, Arkansas
(Address of principal executive offices)

72223
(Zip Code)
(501) 978-2265
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Not Applicable
(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)
Check the appropriate box below if the form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2.):
( ) Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
( ) Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
( ) Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
( ) Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

| Title of each class | Trading Symbol(s) | Name of each exchange on which registered |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share | OZK | Nasdaq Global Select Market |
| 4.625\% Series A Non-Cumulative Perpetual <br> Preferred Stock, $\$ 0.01$ par value per share | OZKAP | Nasdaq Global Select Market |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (17 CFR §230.405) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 CFR §240.12b-2).

Emerging growth company
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

## Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On April 20, 2023, Bank OZK (the "Bank") issued a press release announcing its financial results for the first quarter ended March 31, 2023 and made available management's comments on the results for the first quarter of 2023. The materials contain forward-looking statements regarding the Bank and include cautionary language identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated. The first quarter of 2023 earnings press release and management's comments with respect thereto are furnished as Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2, respectively, to this Current Report on Form 8-K and are available on the Bank's investor relations website.

As previously reported, on April 21, 2023, the Bank will hold an investor conference call and webcast to answer questions regarding the Bank's financial results for the first quarter of 2023.

The information furnished pursuant to this Item 2.02, including Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 , shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities under that section, and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Bank under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing. All information in the first quarter 2023 earnings press release and management's comments with respect thereto speaks as of the date thereof, and the Bank does not assume any obligation to update such information in the future.

## Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosures.

See Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

## Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits: The following exhibits are being furnished to this Current Report on Form 8-K.
99.1 Press Release dated April 20, 2023: Bank OZK Announces Record First Quarter 2023 Earnings
99.2 Management Comments for the First Quarter of 2023 - dated April 20, 2023

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

## BANK OZK

Date: April 20, 2023
By: /s/ Tim Hicks
Name: Tim Hicks
Title: Chief Financial Officer

## Exhibit No. Document Description

99.1 Press Release dated April 20, 2023: Bank OZK Announces Record First Quarter 2023 Earnings
99.2 Management Comments for the First Quarter of 2023 - dated April 20, 2023

## NEWS RELEASE

Date:
Release Time:
Investor Contact:
Media Contact:

April 20, 2023
3:01 p.m. (CT)
Jay Staley (501) 906-7842
Michelle Rossow (501) 906-3922

## Bank OZK Announces Record First Quarter 2023 Earnings

LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS: Bank OZK (the "Bank") (Nasdaq: OZK) today announced that net income available to common stockholders for the first quarter of 2023 was a record $\$ 165.9$ million, a $29.5 \%$ increase from $\$ 128.0$ million for the first quarter of 2022. Diluted earnings per common share for the first quarter of 2023 were a record $\$ 1.41$, a $38.2 \%$ increase from $\$ 1.02$ for the first quarter of 2022.

Provision for credit losses was $\$ 35.8$ million for the first quarter of 2023 compared to $\$ 4.2$ million for the first quarter of 2022 and $\$ 32.5$ million for the fourth quarter of 2022. The Bank's total allowance for credit losses ("ACL") was $\$ 393.8$ million at March 31, 2023 compared to $\$ 293.5$ million at March 31, 2022.

Pre-tax pre-provision net revenue ("PPNR") was a record $\$ 246.4$ million for the first quarter of 2023, a $42.4 \%$ increase from $\$ 173.1$ million for the first quarter of 2022. The calculation of PPNR and the reconciliation to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") are included in the schedules accompanying this release.

The Bank's annualized returns on average assets, average common stockholders' equity and average tangible common stockholders' equity for the first quarter of 2023 were $2.41 \%, 15.24 \%$ and $17.94 \%$, respectively, compared to $1.97 \%, 11.67 \%$ and $13.73 \%$, respectively, for the first quarter of 2022 . The calculation of the Bank's returns on average common stockholders' equity and average tangible common stockholders' equity and the reconciliations to GAAP are included in the schedules accompanying this release.

George Gleason, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer stated, "We are pleased to report our record results for the first quarter. These results could not be achieved without the outstanding performance of our teammates. Our strong capital, liquidity and profitability have us well-positioned for the future."

## KEY BALANCE SHEET METRICS

Total loans were $\$ 22.06$ billion at March 31, 2023, a $16.5 \%$ increase from $\$ 18.93$ billion at March 31, 2022. Deposits were $\$ 22.28$ billion at March 31, 2023, a $9.6 \%$ increase from $\$ 20.33$ billion at March 31, 2022. Total assets were $\$ 28.97$ billion at March 31, 2023, a $9.1 \%$ increase from $\$ 26.56$ billion at March 31, 2022.

Common stockholders' equity was $\$ 4.42$ billion at March 31, 2023, a $1.7 \%$ increase from $\$ 4.35$ billion at March 31, 2022. Tangible common stockholders' equity was $\$ 3.76$ billion at March 31, 2023, a $2.1 \%$ increase from $\$ 3.68$ billion at March 31, 2022. During the four quarters ended March 31, 2023, the Bank repurchased approximately 7.84 million shares of its common stock at a weighted average cost of $\$ 38.75$, for a
total of $\$ 303.7$ million, including 2.35 million shares at a weighted average cost of $\$ 38.59$, for a total of $\$ 85.34$ million, during the quarter just ended.

Book value per common share was $\$ 38.43$ at March 31, 2023, an $8.3 \%$ increase from $\$ 35.47$ at March 31, 2022. Tangible book value per common share was $\$ 32.68$ at March 31, 2023, a $8.8 \%$ increase from $\$ 30.03$ at March 31, 2022.

The Bank's ratio of total common stockholders' equity to total assets was $15.27 \%$ at March 31, 2023, compared to $16.38 \%$ at March 31, 2022. Its ratio of total tangible common stockholders' equity to total tangible assets was $13.28 \%$ at March 31, 2023, compared to $14.22 \%$ at March 31, 2022.

The calculations of the Bank's common stockholders' equity, tangible common stockholders' equity, tangible book value per common share, and ratio of total tangible common stockholders' equity to total tangible assets and the reconciliations to GAAP are included in the schedules accompanying this release.

## ASSET QUALITY

The Bank's ratio of nonperforming non-purchased loans to total loans (excluding purchased loans) was $0.15 \%$ at March 31, 2023, compared to $0.21 \%$ as of March 31, 2022. The Bank's ratio of nonperforming assets to total assets (excluding purchased loans, except for their inclusion in total assets) was $0.34 \%$ at March 31, 2023, compared to $0.16 \%$ as of March 31, 2022. The Bank's annualized ratio of net charge-offs of nonpurchased loans to average non-purchased loans was $0.15 \%$ for the quarter ended March 31, 2023 compared to $0.08 \%$ for the quarter ended March 31, 2022.

## MANAGEMENT'S COMMENTS, CONFERENCE CALL, TRANSCRIPT AND FILINGS

In connection with this release, the Bank released management's comments on its quarterly results, which are available at http://ir.ozk.com. This release should be read in conjunction with management's comments on the quarterly results.

Management will conduct a conference call to take questions on these quarterly results and management's comments at 10:00 a.m. CT (11:00 a.m. ET) on April 21, 2023. Interested parties may access the conference call live via webcast on the Bank's investor relations website at https://ir.ozk.com/news/eventcalendar, or may participate via telephone by registering using this online form. Upon registration, all telephone participants will receive the dial-in number along with a unique PIN number that can be used to access the call. A replay of the conference call webcast will be archived on the Bank's website for at least 30 days.

The Bank files annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy materials, and other information required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), copies of which are available electronically at the FDIC's website at https://efr.fdic.gov/fcxweb/efr/index.html and are also available on the Bank's investor relations website at ir.ozk.com. To receive automated email alerts for these materials please visit https://ir.ozk.com/other/email-alerts to sign up.

## NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

This release contains certain non-GAAP financial measures. The Bank uses these non-GAAP financial measures, specifically return on average common stockholders' equity, return on average tangible common stockholders' equity, tangible book value per common share, common stockholders' equity, tangible common stockholders' equity, the ratio of total tangible common stockholders' equity to total tangible assets, and PPNR, to assess the strength of its capital, its ability to generate earnings on tangible capital invested by its shareholders and trends in its net revenue. These measures typically adjust GAAP financial measures to exclude intangible assets or provision for credit losses. Management believes presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures provides useful supplemental information which contributes to a proper understanding of the financial results and capital levels of the Bank. These non-GAAP disclosures should not be viewed as a substitute for financial results determined in accordance with GAAP, and they are not necessarily comparable to non-GAAP performance measures that may be presented by other banks. Reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures are included in the schedules accompanying this release under the caption "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This press release and other communications by the Bank include certain "forward-looking statements" regarding the Bank's plans, expectations, thoughts, beliefs, estimates, goals and outlook for the future that are intended to be covered by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are based on management's expectations as well as certain assumptions and estimates made by, and information available to, management at the time. Those statements are not guarantees of future results or performance and are subject to certain known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, such forward-looking statements. These risks, uncertainties and other factors include, but are not limited to: potential delays or other problems in implementing the Bank's growth and expansion strategies, including hiring or retaining qualified personnel, obtaining regulatory or other approvals, delays in identifying satisfactory sites, obtaining permits and designing, constructing and opening new offices or relocating, selling or closing existing offices; the availability of and access to capital; possible downgrades in the Bank's credit ratings or outlook which could increase the costs of or decrease the availability of funding from capital markets; the ability to attract new or retain existing or acquired deposits or to retain or grow loans, including growth from unfunded closed loans; the ability to generate future revenue growth or to control future growth in non-interest expense; interest rate fluctuations, including changes in the yield curve between short-term and long-term interest rates or changes in the relative relationships of various interest rate indices; the potential impact of the transition from the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") as a reference rate; competitive factors and pricing pressures, including their effect on the Bank's net interest margin or core spread; general economic, unemployment, credit market and real estate
market conditions, and the effect of such conditions on the creditworthiness of borrowers, collateral values, the value of investment securities and asset recovery values; conditions within the banking industry, including the effects of recent failures of other financial institutions; recently enacted and potential laws and regulatory requirements or changes to existing laws and regulatory requirements, including changes affecting oversight of the financial services industry, changes intended to manage or mitigate climate and related environmental risks or changes in the interpretation and enforcement of such laws and requirements, and the costs and expenses to comply with new and/or existing legislation and regulatory requirements; uncertainty regarding the U.S. government's debt limit or changes in U.S. government monetary and fiscal policy; FDIC special assessments or changes to regular assessments; the ability to keep pace with technological changes, including changes regarding maintaining cybersecurity; the impact of failure in, or breach of, our operational or security systems or infrastructure, or those of third parties with whom we do business, including as a result of cyber-attacks or an increase in the incidence or severity of fraud, illegal payments, security breaches or other illegal acts impacting the Bank or its customers; natural disasters or acts of war or terrorism; the potential impact of continuing inflationary pressures; the potential impact of supply chain disruptions; national, international or political instability or military conflict, including the ongoing war in Ukraine; the competition and costs of recruiting and retaining human talent; impairment of our goodwill or other intangible assets; adoption of new accounting standards, or changes in existing standards; and adverse results (including costs, fines, reputational harm and/or other negative effects) from current or future litigation, regulatory examinations or other legal and/or regulatory actions or rulings as well as other factors identified in this communication or as detailed from time to time in our public filings, including those factors described in the disclosures under the headings "Forward-Looking Information" and "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 and our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. Should one or more of the foregoing risks materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results or outcomes may vary materially from those described in, or implied by, such forward-looking statements. The Bank disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements based on the occurrence of future events, the receipt of new information or otherwise.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

Bank OZK (Nasdaq: OZK) is a regional bank providing innovative financial solutions delivered by expert bankers with a relentless pursuit of excellence. Established in 1903, Bank OZK conducts banking operations with over 240 offices in eight states including Arkansas, Georgia, Florida, North Carolina, Texas, New York, California and Mississippi and had $\$ 28.97$ billion in total assets as of March 31, 2023. Bank OZK can be found at www.ozk.com and on Facebook, Twitter and LinkedIn or contacted at (501) 978-2265 or P.O. Box 8811, Little Rock, Arkansas 72231-8811.

# Bank OZK <br> Consolidated Balance Sheets 

## Unaudited

| March 31, | December 31, |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2023 | 2022 |

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 1,039,400 | \$ | 1,033,454 |
| Investment securities - available for sale ("AFS") |  | 3,422,031 |  | 3,491,613 |
| Investment securities - trading |  | 4,477 |  | 8,817 |
| Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas and other bankers' bank stocks |  | 62,304 |  | 42,406 |
| Non-purchased loans |  | 21,700,941 |  | 20,400,154 |
| Purchased loans |  | 361,065 |  | 378,637 |
| Allowance for loan losses |  | $(222,025)$ |  | (208,858) |
| Net loans |  | 21,839,981 |  | 20,569,933 |
| Premises and equipment, net |  | 677,061 |  | 678,405 |
| Foreclosed assets |  | 66,227 |  | 6,616 |
| Accrued interest receivable |  | 135,314 |  | 125,130 |
| Bank owned life insurance ("BOLI") |  | 794,542 |  | 789,805 |
| Goodwill and other intangible assets, net |  | 662,354 |  | 663,543 |
| Other, net |  | 267,479 |  | 246,846 |
| Total assets | \$ | 28,971,170 | \$ | 27,656,568 |

## LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

| Deposits: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Demand non-interest bearing | \$ | 4,419,754 | \$ | 4,658,451 |
| Savings and interest bearing transaction |  | 9,446,120 |  | 9,905,717 |
| Time |  | 8,417,109 |  | 6,935,975 |
| Total deposits |  | 22,282,983 |  | 21,500,143 |
| Other borrowings |  | 994,079 |  | 606,666 |
| Subordinated notes |  | 347,147 |  | 346,947 |
| Subordinated debentures |  | 121,652 |  | 121,591 |
| Reserve for losses on unfunded loan commitments |  | 171,742 |  | 156,419 |
| Accrued interest payable and other liabilities |  | 290,269 |  | 233,864 |
| Total liabilities |  | 24,207,872 |  | 22,965,630 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Commitments and contingencies |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Stockholders' equity: |  |  |  |  |
| Preferred stock: $\$ 0.01$ par value; $100,000,000$ shares authorized; $14,000,000$ issued and outstanding at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 |  | 338,980 |  | 338,980 |
| Common stock: $\$ 0.01$ par value; $300,000,000$ shares authorized; $115,080,108$ and $117,176,928$ shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively |  | 1,151 |  | 1,172 |
| Additional paid-in capital |  | 1,664,569 |  | 1,753,941 |
| Retained earnings |  | 2,898,904 |  | 2,773,135 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income |  | $(141,677)$ |  | $(177,649)$ |
| Total stockholders' equity before noncontrolling interest |  | 4,761,927 |  | 4,689,579 |
| Noncontrolling interest |  | 1,371 |  | 1,359 |
| Total stockholders' equity |  | 4,763,298 |  | 4,690,938 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ | 28,971,170 | \$ | 27,656,568 |

## Bank OZK

## Consolidated Statements of Income

## Unaudited

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2023 |  | 2022 |  |
|  | (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) |  |  |  |
| Interest income: |  |  |  |  |
| Non-purchased loans | \$ | 414,896 | \$ | 239,995 |
| Purchased loans |  | 6,518 |  | 8,170 |
| Investment securities: |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable |  | 10,171 |  | 10,611 |
| Tax-exempt |  | 9,264 |  | 2,986 |
| Deposits with banks and federal funds sold |  | 7,870 |  | 609 |
| Total interest income |  | 448,719 |  | 262,371 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest expense: |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits |  | 93,632 |  | 8,492 |
| Other borrowings |  | 5,422 |  | 998 |
| Subordinated notes |  | 2,574 |  | 2,574 |
| Subordinated debentures |  | 2,239 |  | 964 |
| Total interest expense |  | 103,867 |  | 13,028 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest income |  | 344,852 |  | 249,343 |
| Provision for credit losses |  | 35,829 |  | 4,190 |
| Net interest income after provision for credit losses |  | 309,023 |  | 245,153 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-interest income: |  |  |  |  |
| Service charges on deposit accounts: |  |  |  |  |
| NSF and overdraft fees |  | 4,278 |  | 4,201 |
| All other service charges |  | 6,502 |  | 6,690 |
| Trust income |  | 2,033 |  | 2,094 |
| BOLI income: |  |  |  |  |
| Increase in cash surrender value |  | 4,974 |  | 4,793 |
| Death benefits |  | - |  | 297 |
| Loan service, maintenance and other fees |  | 4,076 |  | 3,018 |
| Gains on sales of other assets |  | 343 |  | 6,992 |
| Net gains (losses) on investment securities |  | 1,716 |  | (90) |
| Other |  | 3,887 |  | 3,480 |
| Total non-interest income |  | 27,809 |  | 31,475 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-interest expense: |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries and employee benefits |  | 63,249 |  | 54,648 |
| Net occupancy and equipment |  | 17,870 |  | 17,215 |
| Other operating expenses |  | 45,098 |  | 35,852 |
| Total non-interest expense |  | 126,217 |  | 107,715 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Income before taxes |  | 210,615 |  | 168,913 |
| Provision for income taxes |  | 40,703 |  | 36,410 |
| Net income |  | 169,912 |  | 132,503 |
| Earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest |  | (12) |  | 5 |
| Preferred stock dividends |  | 4,047 |  | 4,480 |
| Net income available to common stockholders | \$ | 165,853 | \$ | 128,028 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$ | 1.42 | \$ | 1.03 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$ | 1.41 | \$ | 1.02 |

# Bank OZK 

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
Unaudited

|  | Preferred Stock | $\begin{gathered} \text { Common } \\ \text { Stock } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Additional } \\ \text { Paid-In } \\ \text { Capital } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income |  | NonControlling Interest |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | (Dollars in t | ousands, except |  | are amounts) |  |  |  |
| Three months ended March 31, 2023: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances - December 31, 2022 | \$338,980 | \$ | 1,172 | \$1,753,941 | \$2,773,135 | \$ | $(177,649)$ | \$ | 1,359 | \$4,690,938 |
| Net income | - |  | - | - | 169,912 |  | - |  | - | 169,912 |
| Earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest | - |  | - | - | (12) |  | - |  | 12 | - |
| Total other comprehensive income | - |  | - | - | - |  | 35,972 |  | - | 35,972 |
| Preferred stock dividends, $\$ 0.28906$ per share | - |  | - | - | $(4,047)$ |  | - |  | - | $(4,047)$ |
| Common stock dividends, \$0.34 per share | - |  | - | - | $(40,084)$ |  | - |  | - | $(40,084)$ |
| Issuance of 473,039 shares of common stock pursuant to stock-based compensation plans | - |  | 5 | 518 | - |  | - |  | - | 523 |
| Repurchase and cancellation of $2,348,138$ shares of common stock under share repurchase program | - |  | (24) | $(85,315)$ | - |  | - |  | - | $(85,339)$ |
| Repurchase and cancellation of 215,362 shares of common stock withheld for tax pursuant to stock-based compensation plans | - |  | (2) | $(8,672)$ | $-$ |  | - |  | - | $(8,674)$ |
| Stock-based compensation expense | - |  | - | 4,097 | - |  | - |  | - | 4,097 |
| Forfeitures of 6,359 shares of unvested restricted common stock | - |  | - | - | - |  | - |  | - | - |
| Balances - March 31, 2023 | \$338,980 | \$ | 1,151 | \$1,664,569 | \$2,898,904 | \$ | $(141,677)$ | \$ | 1,371 | \$4,763,298 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Three months ended March 31, 2022: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances - December 31, 2021 | \$338,980 | \$ | 1,254 | \$2,093,702 | \$2,378,466 | \$ | 23,841 | \$ | 3,117 | \$4,839,360 |
| Net income | - |  | - | - | 132,503 |  | - |  | - | 132,503 |
| Earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest | - |  | - | - | 5 |  | - |  | (5) | - |
| Total other comprehensive loss | - |  | - | - | - |  | $(104,769)$ |  | - | $(104,769)$ |
| Preferred stock dividends, $\$ 0.32$ per share | - |  | - | - | $(4,480)$ |  | - |  | - | $(4,480)$ |
| Common stock dividends, $\$ 0.30$ per share | - |  | - | - | $(37,842)$ |  | - |  | - | $(37,842)$ |
| Issuance of 248,426 shares of common stock pursuant to stock-based compensation plans | - |  | 3 | 1,484 | - |  | - |  | - | 1,487 |
| Repurchase and cancellation of $2,883,013$ shares of common stock under share repurchase program | - |  | (29) | $(131,536)$ | - |  | - |  | - | $(131,565)$ |
| Repurchase and cancellation of 112,974 shares of common stock withheld for tax pursuant to stock-based compensation plans | - |  | (1) | $(5,398)$ | $-$ |  | - |  | - | $(5,399)$ |
| Stock-based compensation expense | - |  | - | 3,874 | - |  | - |  | - | 3,874 |
| Forfeitures of 18,992 shares of unvested restricted common stock | - |  | - | - | - |  | - |  | - | - |
| Balances - March 31, 2022 | \$338,980 | \$ | 1,227 | $\underline{\text { \$1,962,126 }}$ | $\underline{\underline{\$ 2,468,652}}$ | \$ | $(80,928)$ | \$ | 3,112 | \$4,693,169 |

# Bank OZK <br> <br> Summary of Non-Interest Expense 

 <br> <br> Summary of Non-Interest Expense}

## Unaudited

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 23 | 2022 |  |
|  |  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |
| Salaries and employee benefits | \$ | 63,249 | \$ | 54,648 |
| Net occupancy and equipment |  | 17,870 |  | 17,215 |
| Other operating expenses: |  |  |  |  |
| Software and data processing |  | 9,283 |  | 8,186 |
| Professional and outside services |  | 5,105 |  | 4,817 |
| Deposit insurance and assessments |  | 4,148 |  | 2,150 |
| Advertising and public relations |  | 4,036 |  | 1,259 |
| Telecommunication services |  | 2,273 |  | 2,010 |
| ATM expense |  | 2,139 |  | 1,509 |
| Postage and supplies |  | 1,926 |  | 1,698 |
| Travel and meals |  | 1,815 |  | 1,758 |
| Amortization of intangibles |  | 1,189 |  | 1,517 |
| Writedowns of foreclosed and other assets |  | 941 |  | 258 |
| Loan collection and repossession expense |  | 386 |  | 325 |
| Amortization of CRA and tax credit investments |  | 6,414 |  | 5,102 |
| Other |  | 5,443 |  | 5,263 |
| Total non-interest expense | \$ | 126,217 | \$ | $\underline{107,715}$ |

## Bank OZK <br> Summary of Total Loans Outstanding <br> Unaudited

|  | March 31, 2023 |  |  | December 31, 2022 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential 1-4 family | \$ | 950,730 | 4.3\% | \$ | 981,567 | 4.7\% |
| Non-farm/non-residential |  | 4,868,670 | 22.1 |  | 4,665,268 | 22.5\% |
| Construction/land development |  | 8,666,053 | 39.3 |  | 8,215,056 | 39.5\% |
| Agricultural |  | 237,852 | 1.1 |  | 239,689 | 1.2\% |
| Multifamily residential |  | 1,911,260 | 8.7 |  | 1,503,398 | 7.2\% |
| Total real estate |  | 16,634,565 | 75.5 |  | 15,604,978 | 75.1 |
| Commercial and industrial |  | 1,089,991 | 4.9 |  | 902,321 | 4.3 |
| Consumer |  | 2,598,036 | 11.8 |  | 2,445,851 | 11.8 |
| Other |  | 1,739,414 | 7.8 |  | 1,825,641 | 8.8 |
| Total loans |  | 22,062,006 | 100.0\% |  | 20,778,791 | 100.0\% |
| Allowance for loan losses |  | $(222,025)$ |  |  | $(208,858)$ |  |
| Net loans | \$ | 21,839,981 |  | \$ | 20,569,933 |  |

# Bank OZK <br> <br> Allowance for Credit Losses 

 <br> <br> Allowance for Credit Losses}

Unaudited

|  | Allowance for Loan Losses |  | Reserve for Losses on Unfunded Loan Commitments |  | Total Allowance for Credit Losses |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Three months ended March 31, 2023: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances - December 31, 2022 | \$ | 208,858 | \$ | 156,419 | \$ | 365,277 |
| Net charge-offs |  | $(7,339)$ |  | - |  | $(7,339)$ |
| Provision for credit losses |  | 20,506 |  | 15,323 |  | 35,829 |
| Balances - March 31, 2023 | \$ | 222,025 | \$ | 171,742 | \$ | 393,767 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Three months ended March 31, 2022: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balances - December 31, 2021 | \$ | 217,380 | \$ | 71,609 | \$ | 288,989 |
| Net charge-offs |  | 361 |  | - |  | 361 |
| Provision for credit losses |  | $(13,528)$ |  | 17,718 |  | 4,190 |
| Balances - March 31, 2022 | \$ | 204,213 | \$ | 89,327 | \$ | 293,540 |

## Bank OZK <br> Summary of Deposits - By Account Type

Unaudited

|  | March 31, 2023 |  |  | December 31, 2022 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-interest bearing | \$ | 4,419,754 | 19.8\% | \$ | 4,658,451 | 21.7\% |
| Interest bearing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transaction (NOW) |  | 4,343,384 | 19.5 |  | 4,097,532 | 19.1 |
| Savings and money market |  | 5,102,736 | 22.9 |  | 5,808,185 | 27.0 |
| Time deposits |  | 8,417,109 | 37.8 |  | 6,935,975 | 32.2 |
| Total deposits | \$ | 22,282,983 | 100.0\% | \$ | 21,500,143 | 100.0\% |

## Bank OZK <br> Summary of Deposits - By Customer Type

Unaudited

|  | March 31, 2023 |  |  | December 31, 2022 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-interest bearing | \$ | 4,419,754 | 19.8\% | \$ | 4,658,451 | 21.7\% |
| Interest bearing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer and commercial: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer - non-time |  | 3,489,601 | 15.7 |  | 3,916,078 | 18.2 |
| Consumer - time |  | 6,154,802 | 27.6 |  | 4,936,061 | 23.0 |
| Commercial - non-time |  | 2,487,083 | 11.2 |  | 2,741,007 | 12.7 |
| Commercial - time |  | 560,223 | 2.5 |  | 516,477 | 2.4 |
| Public funds |  | 2,324,654 | 10.4 |  | 2,103,392 | 9.8 |
| Brokered |  | 2,104,023 | 9.5 |  | 2,050,294 | 9.5 |
| Reciprocal |  | 742,843 | 3.3 |  | 578,383 | 2.7 |
| Total deposits | \$ | 22,282,983 | 100.0\% | \$ | 21,500,143 | 100.0\% |

## Bank OZK

## Selected Consolidated Financial Data

## Unaudited

|  |  |  |  | hs Ended $131,$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2023 |  | 2022 | \% Change |
|  |  | ollars in thous |  | xcept per shar | ounts) |
| Income statement data: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest income | \$ | 344,852 | \$ | 249,343 | 38.3\% |
| Provision for credit losses |  | 35,829 |  | 4,190 | 755.1 \% |
| Non-interest income |  | 27,809 |  | 31,475 | (11.6) |
| Non-interest expense |  | 126,217 |  | 107,715 | 17.2 |
| Net income |  | 169,912 |  | 132,503 | 28.2 |
| Preferred stock dividends |  | 4,047 |  | 4,480 | (9.7) |
| Net income available to common stockholders |  | 165,853 |  | 128,028 | 29.5 |
| Pre-tax pre-provision net revenue ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 246,444 |  | 173,103 | 42.4 |
| Common share and per common share data: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$ | 1.41 | \$ | 1.02 | 38.2\% |
| Basic earnings per common share |  | 1.42 |  | 1.03 | 37.9 |
| Common stock dividends per share |  | 0.34 |  | 0.30 | 13.3 |
| Book value per share |  | 38.43 |  | 35.47 | 8.3 |
| Tangible book value per common share ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 32.68 |  | 30.03 | 8.8 |
| Weighted-average diluted shares outstanding (thousands) |  | 117,405 |  | 125,004 | (6.1) |
| End of period shares outstanding (thousands) |  | 115,080 |  | 122,677 | (6.2) |
| Balance sheet data at period end: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total assets | \$ | 28,971,170 | \$ | 26,562,353 | 9.1\% |
| Total loans |  | 22,062,006 |  | 18,931,022 | 16.5 |
| Non-purchased loans |  | 21,700,941 |  | 18,449,723 | 17.6 |
| Purchased loans |  | 361,065 |  | 481,299 | (25.0) |
| Allowance for loan losses |  | 222,025 |  | 204,213 | 8.7 |
| Foreclosed assets |  | 66,227 |  | 3,417 | 1,838.2 |
| Investment securities - AFS |  | 3,422,031 |  | 3,728,284 | (8.2) |
| Goodwill and other intangible assets, net |  | 662,354 |  | 667,546 | (0.8) |
| Deposits |  | 22,282,983 |  | 20,329,662 | 9.6 |
| Other borrowings |  | 994,079 |  | 756,347 | 31.4 |
| Subordinated notes |  | 347,147 |  | 346,333 | 0.2 |
| Subordinated debentures |  | 121,652 |  | 121,171 | 0.4 |
| Unfunded balance of closed loans |  | 20,965,040 |  | 14,954,367 | 40.2 |
| Reserve for losses on unfunded loan commitments |  | 171,742 |  | 89,327 | 92.3 |
| Preferred stock |  | 338,980 |  | 338,980 | - |
| Total common stockholders' equity ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 4,422,947 |  | 4,351,077 | 1.7 |
| Net unrealized losses on investment securities AFS included in stockholders' equity |  | $(141,677)$ |  | $(80,928)$ |  |
| Loan (including purchased loans) to deposit ratio |  | 99.01\% |  | 93.12\% |  |
| Selected ratios: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Return on average assets ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 2.41\% |  | 1.97 |  |
| Return on average common stockholders' equity ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ |  | 15.24 |  | 11.67 |  |
| Return on average tangible common stockholders' equity ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ |  | 17.94 |  | 13.73 |  |
| Average common equity to total average assets |  | 15.78 |  | 16.86 |  |
| Net interest margin - FTE ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 5.54 |  | 4.24 |  |
| Efficiency ratio |  | 33.63 |  | 38.22 |  |
| Net charge-offs to average non-purchased loans ${ }^{(2)(3)}$ |  | 0.15 |  | 0.08 |  |
| Net charge-offs to average total loans ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 0.14 |  | (0.01) |  |
| Nonperforming loans to total loans ${ }^{(4)}$ |  | 0.15 |  | 0.21 |  |
| Nonperforming assets to total assets ${ }^{(4)}$ |  | 0.34 |  | 0.16 |  |
| Allowance for loan losses to total loans ${ }^{(5)}$ |  | 1.01 |  | 1.08 |  |
| Allowance for credit losses to total loans and unfunded loan commitments |  | 0.92 |  | 0.87 |  |
| Other information: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-accrual loans ${ }^{(4)}$ | \$ | 33,371 | \$ | 37,363 |  |
| Accruing loans - 90 days past due |  | - |  | - |  |
| ${ }^{(1)}$ Calculations of pre-tax pre-provision net revenue, tangible book value stockholders' equity and average tangible common stockholders' equity release. <br> ${ }^{(2)}$ Ratios for interim periods annualized based on actual days. <br> ${ }^{(3)}$ Excludes purchased loans and net charge-offs related to such loans. <br> ${ }^{(4)}$ Excludes purchased loans, except for their inclusion in total assets. <br> ${ }^{(5)}$ Excludes reserve for losses on unfunded loan commitments. |  | kholders' equ included in th |  | returns on av dules accomp | e common ng this |

## Bank OZK <br> Selected Consolidated Financial Data (continued)

## Unaudited

|  | Three Months Ended |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2023 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | \% Change |
|  | (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) |  |  |  |  |
| Income statement data: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest income | \$ | 344,852 | \$ | 332,488 | 3.7\% |
| Provision for credit losses |  | 35,829 |  | 32,508 | 10.2 |
| Non-interest income |  | 27,809 |  | 27,544 | 1.0 |
| Non-interest expense |  | 126,217 |  | 119,013 | 6.1 |
| Net income |  | 169,912 |  | 162,825 | 4.4 |
| Preferred stock dividends |  | 4,047 |  | 4,047 | - |
| Net income available to common stockholders |  | 165,853 |  | 158,832 | 4.4 |
| Pre-tax pre-provision net revenue ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 246,444 |  | 241,019 | 2.3 |
| Common share and per common share data: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diluted earnings per common share | \$ | 1.41 | \$ | 1.34 | 5.2\% |
| Basic earnings per common share |  | 1.42 |  | 1.35 | 5.2 |
| Common stock dividends per share |  | 0.34 |  | 0.33 | 3.0 |
| Book value per share |  | 38.43 |  | 37.13 | 3.5 |
| Tangible book value per common share ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 32.68 |  | 31.47 | 3.8 |
| Weighted-average diluted shares outstanding (thousands) |  | 117,405 |  | 118,201 | (0.7) |
| End of period shares outstanding (thousands) |  | 115,080 |  | 117,177 | (1.8) |
| $\underline{\text { Balance sheet data at period end: }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total assets | \$ | 28,971,170 | \$ | 27,656,568 | 4.8\% |
| Total loans |  | 22,062,006 |  | 20,778,791 | 6.2 |
| Non-purchased loans |  | 21,700,941 |  | 20,400,154 | 6.4 |
| Purchased loans |  | 361,065 |  | 378,637 | (4.6) |
| Allowance for loan losses |  | 222,025 |  | 208,858 | 6.3 |
| Foreclosed assets |  | 66,227 |  | 6,616 | 901.0 |
| Investment securities - AFS |  | 3,422,031 |  | 3,491,613 | (2.0) |
| Goodwill and other intangible assets, net |  | 662,354 |  | 663,543 | (0.2) |
| Deposits |  | 22,282,983 |  | 21,500,143 | 3.6 |
| Other borrowings |  | 994,079 |  | 606,666 | 63.9 |
| Subordinated notes |  | 347,147 |  | 346,947 | 0.1 |
| Subordinated debentures |  | 121,652 |  | 121,591 | 0.1 |
| Unfunded balance of closed loans |  | 20,965,040 |  | 21,062,733 | (0.5) |
| Reserve for losses on unfunded loan commitments |  | 171,742 |  | 156,419 | 9.8 |
| Preferred stock |  | 338,980 |  | 338,980 | - |
| Total common stockholders' equity ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 4,422,947 |  | 4,350,599 | 1.7 |
| Net unrealized losses on investment securities AFS included in stockholders' equity |  | $(141,677)$ |  | $(177,649)$ |  |
| Loan (including purchased loans) to deposit ratio |  | 99.01\% |  | 96.64\% |  |
| Selected ratios: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Return on average assets ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 2.41\% |  | $2.35 \%$ |  |
| Return on average common stockholders' equity ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ |  | 15.24 |  | 14.76 |  |
| Return on average tangible common stockholders' equity ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ |  | 17.94 |  | 17.48 |  |
| Average common equity to average assets |  | 15.78 |  | 15.90 |  |
| Net interest margin - FTE ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 5.54 |  | 5.46 |  |
| Efficiency ratio |  | 33.63 |  | 32.84 |  |
| Net charge-offs to average non-purchased loans ${ }^{(2)(3)}$ |  | 0.15 |  | 0.09 |  |
| Net charge-offs to average total loans ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 0.14 |  | 0.06 |  |
| Nonperforming loans to total loans ${ }^{(4)}$ |  | 0.15 |  | 0.22 |  |
| Nonperforming assets to total assets ${ }^{(4)}$ |  | 0.34 |  | 0.19 |  |
| Allowance for loan losses to total loans ${ }^{(5)}$ |  | 1.01 |  | 1.01 |  |
| Allowance for loan losses to total loans and unfunded loan commitments |  | 0.92 |  | 0.87 |  |
| Other information: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-accrual loans ${ }^{(4)}$ | \$ | 33,371 | \$ | 43,411 |  |
| Accruing loans - 90 days past due |  | - |  | - |  |

${ }^{(1)}$ Calculations of pre-tax pre-provision net revenue, total common stockholders' equity, tangible book value per common share and returns on average common stockholders' equity and average tangible common stockholders' equity and the reconciliations to GAAP are included in the schedules accompanying this release.
${ }^{(2)}$ Ratios for interim periods annualized based on actual days.
${ }^{(3)}$ Excludes purchased loans and net charge-offs related to such loans.
${ }^{(4)}$ Excludes purchased loans, except for their inclusion in total assets.
${ }^{(5)}$ Excludes reserve for losses on unfunded loan commitments.

## Bank OZK

## Supplemental Quarterly Financial Data

Unaudited

|  | 3/31/23 |  | 12/31/22 |  | 9/30/22 |  | 6/30/22 |  | 3/31/22 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Earnings summary: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest income | \$ | 344,852 | \$ | 332,488 | \$ | 294,617 | \$ | 265,793 | \$ | 249,343 |
| Federal tax (FTE) adjustment |  | 2,603 |  | 2,383 |  | 2,151 |  | 1,300 |  | 1,017 |
| Net interest income (FTE) |  | 347,455 |  | 334,871 |  | 296,768 |  | 267,093 |  | 250,360 |
| Provision for credit losses |  | $(35,829)$ |  | $(32,508)$ |  | $(39,771)$ |  | $(7,025)$ |  | $(4,190)$ |
| Non-interest income |  | 27,809 |  | 27,544 |  | 29,163 |  | 26,320 |  | 31,475 |
| Non-interest expense |  | $(126,217)$ |  | $(119,013)$ |  | $(115,691)$ |  | $(109,300)$ |  | $(107,715)$ |
| Pre-tax income (FTE) |  | 213,218 |  | 210,894 |  | 170,469 |  | 177,088 |  | 169,930 |
| FTE adjustment |  | $(2,603)$ |  | $(2,383)$ |  | $(2,151)$ |  | $(1,300)$ |  | $(1,017)$ |
| Provision for income taxes |  | $(40,703)$ |  | $(45,686)$ |  | $(35,969)$ |  | $(39,375)$ |  | $(36,410)$ |
| Noncontrolling interest |  | (12) |  | 54 |  | - |  | (8) |  | 5 |
| Preferred stock dividend |  | $(4,047)$ |  | $(4,047)$ |  | $(4,047)$ |  | $(4,047)$ |  | $(4,480)$ |
| Net income available to common stockholders | \$ | $\underline{\text { 165,853 }}$ | \$ | $\underline{\text { 158,832 }}$ | \$ | 128,302 | \$ | $\underline{\text { 132,358 }}$ | \$ | 128,028 |
| Earnings per common share - diluted | \$ | 1.41 | \$ | 1.34 | \$ | 1.08 | \$ | 1.10 | \$ | 1.02 |
| Pre-tax pre-provision net revenue ${ }^{(1)}$ | \$ | 246,444 | \$ | 241,019 | \$ | 208,089 | \$ | 182,813 | \$ | 173,103 |
| Selected balance sheet data at period end: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total assets |  | 8,971,170 |  | 7,656,568 |  | 6,232,119 |  | 5,919,965 |  | 6,562,353 |
| Non-purchased loans |  | 1,700,941 |  | 0,400,154 |  | 9,103,546 |  | 8,297,638 |  | 8,449,723 |
| Purchased loans |  | 361,065 |  | 378,637 |  | 410,166 |  | 445,080 |  | 481,299 |
| Investment securities - AFS |  | 3,422,031 |  | 3,491,613 |  | 3,528,077 |  | 3,705,807 |  | 3,728,284 |
| Deposits |  | 2,282,983 |  | 1,500,143 |  | 0,401,876 |  | 9,984,187 |  | 0,329,662 |
| Unfunded balance of closed loans |  | 0,965,040 |  | 1,062,733 |  | 0,091,101 |  | 7,369,767 |  | 4,954,367 |
| Allowance for credit losses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ | 365,277 | \$ | 335,635 | \$ | 299,938 | \$ | 293,540 | \$ | 288,989 |
| Net charge-offs |  | $(7,339)$ |  | $(2,866)$ |  | $(4,074)$ |  | (627) |  | 361 |
| Provision for credit losses |  | 35,829 |  | 32,508 |  | 39,771 |  | 7,025 |  | 4,190 |
| Balance at end of period | \$ | 393,767 | \$ | 365,277 | \$ | 335,635 | \$ | 299,938 | \$ | 293,540 |
| Allowance for loan losses | \$ | 222,025 | \$ | 208,858 | \$ | 200,098 | \$ | 190,795 | \$ | 204,213 |
| Reserve for losses on unfunded loan commitments |  | 171,742 |  | 156,419 |  | 135,537 |  | 109,143 |  | 89,327 |
| Total allowance for credit losses | \$ | 393,767 | \$ | 365,277 | \$ | 335,635 | \$ | 299,938 | \$ | 293,540 |
| Selected ratios: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest margin - FTE ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 5.54\% |  | 5.46\% |  | 5.03\% |  | 4.52\% |  | 4.24\% |
| Efficiency ratio |  | 33.63 |  | 32.84 |  | 35.50 |  | 37.25 |  | 38.22 |
| Net charge-offs to average non-purchased loans ${ }^{(2)(3)}$ |  | 0.15 |  | 0.09 |  | 0.09 |  | 0.03 |  | 0.08 |
| Net charge-offs to average total loans ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 0.14 |  | 0.06 |  | 0.09 |  | 0.01 |  | (0.01) |
| Nonperforming loans to total loans ${ }^{(4)}$ |  | 0.15 |  | 0.22 |  | 0.14 |  | 0.16 |  | 0.21 |
| Nonperforming assets to total assets ${ }^{(4)}$ |  | 0.34 |  | 0.19 |  | 0.13 |  | 0.12 |  | 0.16 |
| Allowance for loan losses to total loans ${ }^{(5)}$ |  | 1.01 |  | 1.01 |  | 1.03 |  | 1.02 |  | 1.08 |
| Allowance for credit losses to total loans and unfunded commitments |  | 0.92 |  | 0.87 |  | 0.85 |  | 0.83 |  | 0.87 |
| Loans past due 30 days or more, including past due non-accrual loans, to total loans ${ }^{(4)}$ |  | 0.15 |  | 0.13 |  | 0.11 |  | 0.11 |  | 0.14 |

[^0]
## Average Consolidated Balance Sheets and Net Interest Analysis - FTE <br> Unaudited



[^1]
# Bank OZK <br> Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures 

## Calculation of Average Common Stockholders' Equity, Average Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity and the Annualized Returns on Average Common Stockholders' Equity and Average Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity

Unaudited

|  | Three Months Ended |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | March 31, |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2023 |  | 2022 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | in thousands) |  |  |
| Net income available to common stockholders | \$ | 165,853 | \$ | 128,028 | \$ | 158,832 |
| Average stockholders' equity before noncontrolling interest | \$ | 4,751,481 | \$ | 4,788,294 | \$ | 4,608,570 |
| Less average preferred stock |  | $(338,980)$ |  | $(338,980)$ |  | $(338,980)$ |
| Total average common stockholders' equity |  | 4,412,501 |  | 4,449,314 |  | 4,269,590 |
| Less average intangible assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |
| Core deposit and other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization |  | $(2,243)$ |  | $(7,572)$ |  | $(3,421)$ |
| Total average intangibles |  | $(663,032)$ |  | $(668,361)$ |  | $(664,210)$ |
| Average tangible common stockholders' equity | \$ | 3,749,469 | \$ | 3,780,953 | \$ | 3,605,380 |
| Return on average common stockholders' equity ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 15.24 \% |  | $11.67 \%$ |  | $14.76 \%$ |
| Return on average tangible common stockholders' equity ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | 17.94\% |  | 13.73 \% |  | 17.48\% |

${ }^{(1)}$ Ratios for interim periods annualized based on actual days.

## Calculation of Total Common Stockholders' Equity, Total Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity and Tangible Book Value per Common Share <br> Unaudited

|  | March 31, |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2023 |  | 2022 |  |  |  |
|  | (In thousands, except per share amounts) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total stockholders' equity before noncontrolling interest | \$ | 4,761,927 | \$ | 4,690,057 | \$ | 4,689,579 |
| Less preferred stock |  | $(338,980)$ |  | $(338,980)$ |  | $(338,980)$ |
| Total common stockholders' equity |  | 4,422,947 |  | 4,351,077 |  | 4,350,599 |
| Less intangible assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |
| Core deposit and other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization |  | $(1,565)$ |  | $(6,757)$ |  | $(2,754)$ |
| Total intangibles |  | $(662,354)$ |  | $(667,546)$ |  | $(663,543)$ |
| Total tangible common stockholders' equity | \$ | 3,760,593 | \$ | 3,683,531 | \$ | 3,687,056 |
| Shares of common stock outstanding |  | $\underline{115,080}$ |  | $\underline{122,677}$ |  | $\underline{117,177}$ |
| Book value per common share | \$ | $\underline{38.43}$ | \$ | $\underline{35.47}$ | \$ | 37.13 |
| Tangible book value per common share | \$ | 32.68 | \$ | 30.03 | \$ | 31.47 |

# Calculation of Total Common Stockholders' Equity, Total Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity and the Ratio of Total Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity to Total Tangible Assets <br> Unaudited 

|  | March 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2023 |  | 2022 |  |
|  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |
| Total stockholders' equity before noncontrolling interest | \$ | 4,761,927 | \$ | 4,690,057 |
| Less preferred stock |  | $(338,980)$ |  | $(338,980)$ |
| Total common stockholders' equity |  | 4,422,947 |  | 4,351,077 |
| Less intangible assets: |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |
| Core deposit and other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization |  | $(1,565)$ |  | $(6,757)$ |
| Total intangibles |  | $(662,354)$ |  | $(667,546)$ |
| Total tangible common stockholders' equity | \$ | 3,760,593 | \$ | 3,683,531 |
| Total assets | \$ | 28,971,170 | \$ | 26,562,353 |
| Less intangible assets: |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |
| Core deposit and other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization |  | $(1,565)$ |  | $(6,757)$ |
| Total intangibles |  | $(662,354)$ |  | $(667,546)$ |
| Total tangible assets | \$ | 28,308,816 | \$ | $\underline{\text { 25,894,807 }}$ |
| Ratio of total common stockholders' equity to total assets |  | 15.27\% |  | 16.38\% |
| Ratio of total tangible common stockholders' equity to total tangible assets |  | 13.28\% |  | 14.22\% |

## Calculation of Pre-Tax Pre-Provision Net Revenue

Unaudited

|  | Three Months Ended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2023 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ |  | September 30, <br> 2022 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { June 30, } \\ 2022 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2022 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income available to common stockholders | \$ | 165,853 | \$ | 158,832 | \$ | 128,302 | \$ | 132,358 | \$ | 128,028 |
| Preferred stock dividends |  | 4,047 |  | 4,047 |  | 4,047 |  | 4,047 |  | 4,480 |
| Earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest |  | 12 |  | (54) |  | - |  | 8 |  | (5) |
| Provision for income taxes |  | 40,703 |  | 45,686 |  | 35,969 |  | 39,375 |  | 36,410 |
| Provision for credit losses |  | 35,829 |  | 32,508 |  | 39,771 |  | 7,025 |  | 4,190 |
| Pre-tax pre-provision net revenue | \$ | 246,444 | \$ | $\underline{241,019}$ | \$ | $\underline{\text { 208,089 }}$ | \$ | $\underline{182,813}$ | \$ | $\underline{173,103}$ |

## Exhibit 99.2

<> BankOZK

> MANAGEMENT COMMENTS FOR THE FIRST QUARTER 2023 APRIL 20, 2023

This presentation and other communications by Bank OZK (the "Bank") include certain "forward-looking statements" regarding the Bank's plans, expectations, thoughts, beliefs, estimates, goals and outlook for the future that are intended to be covered by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are based on management's expectations as well as certain assumptions and estimates made by, and information available to, management at the time. Those statements are not guarantees of future results or performance and are subject to certain known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, such forward-looking statements. These risks, uncertainties and other factors include, but are not limited to: potential delays or other problems in implementing the Bank's growth and expansion strategies, including hiring or retaining qualified personnel, obtaining regulatory or other approvals, delays in identifying satisfactory sites, obtaining permits and designing, constructing and opening new offices or relocating, selling or closing existing offices; the availability of and access to capital; possible downgrades in the Bank's credit ratings or outlook which could increase the costs of or decrease the availability of funding from capital markets; the ability to attract new or retain existing or acquired deposits or to retain or grow loans, including growth from unfunded closed loans; the ability to generate future revenue growth or to control future growth in non-interest expense; interest rate fluctuations, including changes in the yield curve between short-term and long-term interest rates or changes in the relative relationships of various interest rate indices; the potential impact of the transition from the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") as a reference rate; competitive factors and pricing pressures, including their effect on the Bank's net interest margin or core spread; general economic, unemployment, credit market and real estate market conditions, and the effect of such conditions on the creditworthiness of borrowers, collateral values, the value of investment securities and asset recovery values; conditions within the banking industry, including the effects of recent failures of other financial institutions; recently enacted and potential laws and regulatory requirements or changes to existing laws and regulatory requirements, including changes affecting oversight of the financial services industry, changes intended to manage or mitigate climate and related environmental risks or changes in the interpretation and enforcement of such laws and requirements, and the costs and expenses to comply with new and/or existing legislation and regulatory requirements; uncertainty regarding the U.S. government's debt limit or changes in U.S. government monetary and fiscal policy; FDIC special assessments or changes to regular assessments; the ability to keep pace with technological changes, including changes regarding maintaining cybersecurity; the impact of failure in, or breach of, our operational or security systems or infrastructure, or those of third parties with whom we do business, including as a result of cyber-attacks or an increase in the incidence or severity of fraud, illegal payments, security breaches or other illegal acts impacting the Bank or its customers; natural disasters or acts of war or terrorism; the potential impact of continuing inflationary pressures; the potential impact of supply chain disruptions; national, international or political instability or military conflict, including the ongoing war in Ukraine; the competition and costs of recruiting and retaining human talent; impairment of our goodwill or other intangible assets; adoption of new accounting standards, or changes in existing standards; and adverse results (including costs, fines, reputational harm and/or other negative effects) from current or future litigation, regulatory examinations or other legal and/or regulatory actions or rulings as well as other factors identified in this communication or as detailed from time to time in our public filings, including those factors described in the disclosures under the headings "Forward-Looking Information" and "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 and our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. Should one or more of the foregoing risks materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results or outcomes may vary materially from those described in, or implied by, such forward-looking statements. The Bank disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements based on the occurrence of future events, the receipt of new information or otherwise.

## PREFACE

In light of recent attention given to regional banks, we thought it would be helpful to provide some important comparative data points before discussing our excellent results for the quarter. The following three graphs illustrate our favorable position and performance relative to the other 93 publicly traded U.S. banks and bank holding companies with $\$ 10$ billion to $\$ 250$ billion in total assets ${ }^{1}$.

## Well-Positioned Securities Portfolio

We have no investment securities categorized as held-to-maturity ("HTM"). We have long believed that holding our securities as available-for-sale or trading provides us maximum liquidity and flexibility to manage our balance sheet, while most accurately reflecting our financial position. Thus, we have no unrecognized mark-to-market adjustments on securities. Additionally, our investment securities portfolio comprises a relatively low percentage of our total assets and had a short effective duration of 3.64 years.

## Securities Portfolio as of December 31, 2022



[^2]
## Strong and Resilient Balance Sheet

Our tangible common stockholders' equity ratio is the highest among this peer group. Our deposit base is heavily retail oriented with most of our deposits being generated through our network of 229 branches in Arkansas, Georgia, Florida, North Carolina and Texas. The majority of our deposits are insured, or, in the case of larger public funds deposits and certain other deposits, collateralized. This combination of our peer group-leading tangible common stockholders' equity ratio and our diverse and stable deposit base gives us a strong and resilient balance sheet.

## Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity and Uninsured Deposits Ratios as of December 31, 2022



## Dominant Profitability

Our high percentage of variable rate loans has helped us achieve the highest net interest margin in the peer group. The significant asset sensitivity of our loan portfolio had us well positioned to offset the rate sensitivity of our deposits as interest rates increased. We have focused on achieving a good match in the relative sensitivity and duration of assets and liabilities, which has been a cardinal principle of banking since the 1980's savings and loan crisis. Our adherence to this very simple, but highly important, principle has served us well through the recent aggressive Federal Reserve ("Fed") tightening cycle.

Our peer group leading net interest margin and our top-decile efficiency ratio give us dominant profitability, which is an excellent source of strength and protection in periods of economic adversity.

## Efficiency Ratio and Net Interest Margin for the Fourth Quarter of 2022



## Focus on Sound Banking Principles and Practices

Recent commentary has suggested that banks our size do not conduct stress tests. Even though the Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief and Consumer Protection Act of 2018 repealed portions of the Dodd-Frank Act stress testing requirements, we continue to conduct robust stress tests. We conduct our capital stress tests (including the most severe annual Federal Reserve stress scenario and six other scenarios) annually, our liquidity stress tests (with five stress scenarios) quarterly and our commercial real estate ("CRE") stress tests (with at least seven scenarios) quarterly. These tests provide us excellent insight into our expected performance under a broad range of stress scenarios.

Our excellent results and consistent focus on sound banking principles and practices result from the individual and collective decades of experience of our management team, most of whom have been through multiple challenging economic cycles. We have team members whose careers include the Fed lifting interest rates dramatically in the early 1980's to quell the Great Inflation taking the prime rate to an historically high 21.5\% in December 1980; the recessions of 1980, 1981-82, 1990-91, and 2001; the savings and loan crisis; the Great Financial Crisis (recession of 2007-2009); and the Covid-19 Pandemic (recession of 2020). Because we have paid attention to the fundamentals of the business and learned from the vast experiences of our management team, we have been profitable every year for decades and regularly among the industry's top performers.

For all these reasons, among many others, we are excited about our future and our ability to capitalize on opportunities resulting from periods of industry and macroeconomic turmoil.

## Management Comments for the First Quarter of 2023

## Summary

We are pleased to report our results for the first quarter of 2023, which we credit to the outstanding performance of our 2,700+ teammates. Highlights include:

- Net Income \& Earnings Per Share. Net income available to common stockholders was a record \$165.9 million and our diluted earnings per common share were a record \$1.41.
- Pre-tax Pre-provision Net Revenue ${ }^{2}$ ("PPNR"). PPNR was a record $\$ 246.4$ million.
- Net Interest Income. Net interest income was a record $\$ 344.9$ million resulting from a combination of net interest margin expansion and loan growth. Specifically, our net interest margin increased to $5.54 \%$ even though our core spread, which is how we describe the difference between our yield on non-purchased loans and our cost of interest bearing deposits ("COIBD"), decreased to $5.87 \%$.
- Loans. Total loans outstanding grew to a record \$22.06 billion, increasing \$1.28 billion, or $6.2 \%$ not annualized, during the quarter.
- Deposits. Deposits grew to a record \$22.28 billion, increasing \$0.78 billion, or $3.6 \%$ not annualized, during the quarter.
- Liquidity. At March 31, 2023, available primary and secondary liquidity sources totaled $\$ 10.0$ billion.
- Asset Quality. Asset quality continued to outperform the industry as reflected by our annualized net charge-off ratio for total loans of $0.14 \%$ and our quarter end ratios of nonperforming non-purchased loans to total non-purchased loans and nonperforming assets to total assets ${ }^{3}$ of $0.15 \%$ and $0.34 \%$, respectively.
- Efficiency Ratio. Efficiency ratio for the quarter was $33.6 \%$, among the best in the industry.
- Capital. Common stockholders' equity ratio and tangible common stockholders' equity ratio ${ }^{4}$ were $15.3 \%$ and $13.3 \%$, respectively, at March 31, 2023.
- Stock Repurchases \& Dividends. During the quarter, we repurchased approximately 2.35 million shares, or $2.0 \%$, of our common stock for $\$ 85$ million. We recently increased our quarterly dividend on common stock for the $51^{\text {st }}$ consecutive quarter.

[^3]
## Profitability and Earnings Metrics

Net income available to common stockholders for the first quarter of 2023 was a record $\$ 165.9$ million, a $29.5 \%$ increase from $\$ 128.0$ million for the first quarter of 2022. Diluted earnings per common share for the first quarter of 2023 were a record $\$ 1.41$, a $38.2 \%$ increase from $\$ 1.02$ for the first quarter of 2022.

PPNR for the first quarter of 2023 increased $\$ 73.3$ million, or $42.4 \%$, to a record $\$ 246.4$ million compared to $\$ 173.1$ million for the first quarter of 2022.

Our annualized return on average assets was $2.41 \%$ for the first quarter of 2023 compared to $1.97 \%$ for the first quarter of 2022. Our annualized returns on average common stockholders' equity and average tangible common stockholders' equity ${ }^{5}$ for the first quarter of 2023 were $15.24 \%$ and $17.94 \%$, respectively, compared to $11.67 \%$ and $13.73 \%$, respectively, for the first quarter of 2022.

## Net Interest Income

Net interest income is our largest category of revenue. As shown in Figure 1, our net interest income for the first quarter of 2023 was a record $\$ 345$ million, a $38.3 \%$ increase from the first quarter of 2022 , and a $3.7 \%$ increase, not annualized, from the fourth quarter of 2022.

Figure 1: Quarterly Net Interest Income


[^4]
## Earning Assets

Loans are the largest part of our earning assets. Our average balance of total loans for the quarter just ended was a record $\$ 21.2$ billion, an increase of $13.8 \%$ from the first quarter of 2022 and $5.5 \%$, not annualized, from the fourth quarter of 2022.

As illustrated in Figure 2, our period-end balance of total loans at March 31, 2023 was a record $\$ 22.06$ billion, having increased $\$ 3.13$ billion, or $16.5 \%$, from March 31, 2022 and $\$ 1.28$ billion, or $6.2 \%$ not annualized, from December 31, 2022.

We continue to expect our growth in total loans in 2023 will meet or exceed the $\$ 2.47$ billion we achieved in 2022.

Figure 2: Total Loan Balances and Yields


In the first quarter of 2023, our yield on total loans was $8.06 \%$, an increase of 266 basis points ("bps") from the first quarter of 2022 and 68 bps from the fourth quarter of 2022.

## Non-purchased Loans

Non-purchased loans, which are all loans excluding the remaining loans from acquisitions, accounted for $98.3 \%$ of our average total loans and $82.0 \%$ of our average earning assets in the quarter just ended. As illustrated in Figure 3 , non-purchased loans were a record $\$ 21.70$ billion at March 31, 2023, having increased $\$ 3.25$ billion, or $17.6 \%$, from March 31, 2022, and \$1.30 billion, or 6.4\% not annualized, from December 31, 2022.

Figure 3: Non-purchased Loan Balances and Yields


In the first quarter of 2023, our yield on non-purchased loans was $8.07 \%$, an increase of 270 bps from the first quarter of 2022 and 69 bps from the fourth quarter of 2022.

## Loan Portfolio Diversification

Figures 4 and 5 reflect the mix in our non-purchased loan growth in the first quarter of 2023 and the last four quarters. In the quarter just ended, Real Estate Specialties Group ("RESG") was the largest contributor to nonpurchased loan growth. We were pleased to see that Community Banking, Indirect RV \& Marine, Asset Based Lending Group ("ABLG") and Corporate and Business Specialties Group ("CBSG"), collectively, contributed meaningfully to non-purchased loan growth in the quarter and almost equaled RESG's growth over the last four quarters. We expect these teams to continue to contribute to our long-term growth and portfolio diversification.

Figure 4: Non-purchased Loan Growth - 1Q23 (\$ millions)


Figure 5: Non-purchased Loan Growth - Last Four Quarters (\$ millions)


[^5]Figure 6 reflects the breakdown of our non-purchased loans by lending group as of March 31, 2023.

As reflected in Figures 7 and 8, RESG's funded balance of nonpurchased loans increased $\$ 0.77$ billion and $\$ 1.65$ billion during the first quarter of 2023 and for the last four quarters, respectively.

Figure 6: Non-purchased Loans by Lending Group

|  | 3/31/2023 Balances |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ millions |  | \% |
| RESG | \$ | 13,374 | 62\% |
| Community Banking |  | 4,796 | 22\% |
| Indirect Lending |  | 2,484 | 11\% |
| ABLG |  | 681 | 3\% |
| CBSG |  | 366 | 2\% |
| Total | \$ | 21,701 | 100\% |

Figure 7: Activity in RESG Funded Balances - 1Q23 (\$ billions)


Figure 8: Activity in RESG Funded Balances - Last Four Quarters (\$ billions)


As shown in Figure 9, RESG loan originations were \$1.81 billion in the first quarter of 2023 and $\$ 12.49$ billion for the last four quarters. Given the typical lag between RESG originations and the funding of such loans, the recent origination volumes should continue to contribute meaningfully to funded loan growth in the remainder of 2023 and 2024.

Because of the current uncertain macroeconomic environment, including the impact of recent increases in interest rates, RESG origination volume for the full year of 2023 is expected to be back in or around the range achieved during 2020 and 2021. Origination volume may vary significantly from quarter to quarter and may be impacted by interest rates, economic conditions, competition or other factors.

Figure 9: RESG Quarterly Loan Originations (\$ billions)

|  | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total $^{*}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY2018 | $\$ 1.00$ | $\$ 1.19$ | $\$ 1.47$ | $\$ 1.08$ | $\$ 4.74$ |
| FY2019 | $\$ 1.86$ | $\$ 1.15$ | $\$ 2.03$ | $\$ 1.44$ | $\$ 6.48$ |
| FY2020 | $\$ 1.76$ | $\$ 1.67$ | $\$ 1.40$ | $\$ 1.77$ | $\$ 6.59$ |
| FY2021 | $\$ 1.28$ | $\$ 1.46$ | $\$ 2.21$ | $\$ 2.99$ | $\$ 7.94$ |
| FY2022 | $\$ 3.14$ | $\$ 3.53$ | $\$ 4.35$ | $\$ 2.81$ | $\$ 13.82$ |
| FY2023 | $\$ 1.81$ |  |  |  | $\$ 1.81$ |

*3M23 Not Annualized

As shown in Figure 10, RESG's loan repayments and other activity were $\$ 0.91$ billion in the quarter just ended and $\$ 5.25$ billion for the last four quarters.

RESG loan repayments for the full year of 2023 are expected to remain approximately in the range achieved during 2021 and 2022. Of course, many sponsors are carefully monitoring interest rates and refinance market conditions to determine when to move projects from construction financing to bridge or permanent loans. As seen in recent quarters, RESG loan repayments may vary substantially from quarter to quarter and may have an outsized impact in one or more quarters.

Figure 10: RESG Quarterly Loan Repayments \& Other Activity
(\$ billions)

|  | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total $^{*}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY2018 | $\$ 0.79$ | $\$ 1.40$ | $\$ 1.52$ | $\$ 1.11$ | $\$ 4.82$ |
| FY2019 | $\$ 1.13$ | $\$ 1.54$ | $\$ 1.34$ | $\$ 1.66$ | $\$ 5.67$ |
| FY2020 | $\$ 1.00$ | $\$ 0.69$ | $\$ 0.65$ | $\$ 1.19$ | $\$ 3.54$ |
| FY2021 | $\$ 1.48$ | $\$ 1.68$ | $\$ 1.34$ | $\$ 1.72$ | $\$ 6.22$ |
| FY2022 | $\$ 1.31$ | $\$ 2.34$ | $\$ 1.28$ | $\$ 0.72$ | $\$ 5.65$ |
| FY2023 | $\$ 0.91$ |  |  |  | $\$ 0.91$ |

*3M23 Not Annualized

Figure 11 illustrates the cadence of RESG loan originations and repayments. It shows the amount of each year's originations which have been repaid and which remain as outstanding commitments, both funded and unfunded, as of March 31, 2023.

Figure 11: RESG Origination and Repayment Trends by Year of Origination (Total Commitment)


* Amounts repaid are not shown for pre-2016 originations

The loan-to-value ("LTV") metrics on individual loans within the RESG portfolio are illustrated in Figure 12. Other than one $\$ 56$ million substandard accrual rated credit with an $85 \%$ LTV and one $\$ 24$ million special mention rated credit with an $84 \%$ LTV, all other credits in the RESG portfolio have LTV ratios of $65 \%$ or less.

Figure 12: RESG Portfolio by LTV \& Origination Date (As of March 31, 2023)
Bubble Size Reflects Total Funded and Unfunded Commitment Amount


LTV rotios assume all loans are fully funded. LTV data based on most recent appraisals and utilizing, in most coses, "as stobilized" values for income producing properties.

In our earnings call held in January 2023, we discussed a RESG loan which was secured by land and rated special mention at December 31, 2022. The sponsor had recently decided to not proceed with the high-end multifamily development previously planned for the site due to increasing project costs and rising interest rates.

Subsequently, the sponsor engaged in an expedited marketing process and received multiple bids, including one at a price above our loan basis, but that potential buyer withdrew following the recent banking industry turmoil. As a result, the sponsor elected to surrender the land to us on March 31, 2023. The land was appraised, as-is, in December 2022 at $\$ 100.4$ million. On March 31, 2023, we booked the land into foreclosed assets, without loss, at our loan basis of $\$ 59.96$ million. Given our basis relative to the recent appraised value and the high quality of this site, we do not expect a significant loss, if any, on the ultimate sale of this land. We expect to actively market the property when macroeconomic and market conditions normalize, which may be later this year or sometime in 2024.

The significant protection provided by RESG's conservative loan-to-cost ("LTC") and LTV metrics is always important, and especially so in the current macroeconomic environment. Assuming full funding of every RESG Ioan, as of March 31, 2023, the weighted average LTC for the RESG portfolio was $54 \%$, and the weighted average LTV was $43 \%$. RESG collateral valuations are supported by the fact that the majority of RESG loans are for new construction featuring the most current design and amenity packages, which provides a distinct competitive advantage compared to older, less desirable properties.

During the first quarter of 2023, RESG obtained updated appraisals on 15 loans with a total commitment of $\$ 1.24$ billion. Figure 13 shows the resulting changes in LTV as compared to the LTV based on the previous appraised value for each of these loans. In summary, LTVs were relatively unchanged (plus or minus 5\%) for ten loans, LTVs decreased more than 5\% for two loans and LTVs increased more than 5\% for three loans.

Figure 13: Appraisals Obtained in 1 Q23 ( $\$$ in millions)

| Property <br> Type | Total <br> Commitment | Previous <br> LTV | LTV @ <br> 3/31/23 | $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ in <br> LTV |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Mixed Use | $\$$ | 410 | $41.4 \%$ | $55.5 \%$ |
| Mixed Use | 26 | $26.0 \%$ | $34.8 \%$ | $8.8 \%$ |
| Hotel | 42 | $33.4 \%$ | $39.8 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |
| Industrial | 265 | $38.2 \%$ | $43.2 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ |
| Office | 180 | $37.8 \%$ | $40.8 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ |
| Multifamily | 32 | $44.0 \%$ | $45.9 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ |
| Industrial | 40 | $44.2 \%$ | $45.4 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ |
| Land | 9 | $12.2 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |
| Multifamily | 63 | $43.8 \%$ | $43.8 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Multifamily | 42 | $48.5 \%$ | $48.1 \%$ | $-0.5 \%$ |
| Land | 23 | $16.2 \%$ | $14.4 \%$ | $-1.9 \%$ |
| Land | 36 | $51.4 \%$ | $47.3 \%$ | $-4.1 \%$ |
| Hotel | 28 | $52.1 \%$ | $48.0 \%$ | $-4.1 \%$ |
| Multifamily | 32 | $51.0 \%$ | $43.9 \%$ | $-7.1 \%$ |
| Land | 11 | $41.4 \%$ | $32.7 \%$ | $-8.7 \%$ |

Figure 14 shows the product type diversification within the RESG portfolio.

Figure 14: RESG Portfolio Diversification by Product Type (As of March 31, 2023) (\$ millions)


[^6]Figure 15 shows RESG's total commitments in each geographic area in which it currently has loans, reflecting the national scope and significant geographic diversification in RESG's business.

Figure 15: RESG's Portfolio Diversification - All Geographies (As of March 31, 2023) (\$ millions)


Total Commitment (\$ in millions)

The RESG portfolio includes loans of many different sizes. The stratification of the RESG portfolio by commitment size is reflected in Figure 16.

Figure 16: RESG Portfolio Stratification by Loan Size - Total Commitment (As of March 31, 2023)
(\$ millions)
Commitment Size Tranches

| Tranche | No. of Loans | Funded Balance |  | Total Commitment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$0-\$125mm | 276 | \$ | 7,030 | \$ | 14,790 |
| \$125+ mm - \$ 250 mm | 51 |  | 2,961 |  | 8,652 |
| \$250+ mm - \$ 375 mm | 13 |  | 1,228 |  | 3,924 |
| \$375+ mm - \$500mm | 6 |  | 1,701 |  | 2,538 |
| \$500+ mm | 2 |  | 454 |  | 1,715 |
| Total | 348 | \$ | 13,374 | \$ | 31,619 |



* Assumes all loans are fully funded; calculation based on total commitment by tranche as a \% of total cost and total appraised value of loans within each tranche. LTV data based on most recent appraisals and utilizing, in most cases, "as stabilized" values for income producing properties.

Our Community Banking loans, which accounted for $22 \%$ of the funded balance of non-purchased loans as of March 31, 2023, include consumer and small business loans, loans originated by our commercial (generalist) lenders, and loans originated by our specialty lending teams in Community Banking, which include our government guaranteed, agricultural (including poultry), business aviation, affordable housing, middle market CRE, home builder finance and equipment finance/capital solutions lending teams. Growth in these units is an important part of our broader strategy for portfolio diversification, both in terms of product types and geography.

Indirect RV \& Marine lending is a nationwide business that has allowed us to originate consumer loans while maintaining our conservative credit-quality standards. This portfolio accounted for $11 \%$ of the funded balance of non-purchased loans as of March 31, 2023. Our objective is to maintain this portfolio within a range of $10 \%$ to $15 \%$ of our total loans.

As of March 31, 2023, the non-purchased indirect portfolio had a 30+ day delinquency ratio of 14 bps. For the first quarter of 2023, our annualized net charge-off ratio for the non-purchased indirect portfolio was 28 bps. Figure 17 provides additional details regarding this portfolio.

Figure 17: Indirect RV \& Marine Non-purchased Loan Balances


| RV Portfolio at 3/31/23 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loan Size | Total \# | \$ thousands |  |
| \$1 million + | - | \$ | - |
| \$750k - \$999k | - |  | - |
| \$250k - \$749k | 493 |  | 154,332 |
| \$50k - \$249k | 9,934 |  | 1,098,796 |
| < \$50k | 6,258 |  | 158,929 |
| Total | 16,685 | \$ | 1,412,058 |
| Marine Portfolio at 3/31/23 |  |  |  |
| Loan Size | Total \# |  | ousands |
| \$1 million + | 48 | \$ | 93,408 |
| \$750k - \$999k | 46 |  | 39,930 |
| \$250k - \$749k | 553 |  | 210,809 |
| \$50k - \$249k | 5,538 |  | 638,504 |
| < \$50k | 2,967 |  | 89,401 |
| Total | 9,152 | \$ | 1,072,052 |

## Unfunded Balances of Loans Already Closed

At March 31, 2023, RESG accounted for $86 \%$ of our $\$ 20.97$ billion unfunded balance of loans already closed, followed by Community Banking at 7\%, CBSG at 4\%, and ABLG at 3\%. Figures 18 and 19 reflect the changes in the unfunded balance of our loans already closed for the first quarter of 2023 and over the last four quarters. The total unfunded balance decreased $\$ 0.09$ billion during the first quarter of 2023, but increased $\$ 6.02$ billion over the last four quarters. Our unfunded balance should continue to contribute meaningfully to funded loan growth in the remainder of 2023 and 2024.

Figure 18: Activity in Unfunded Balances - 1Q23 (\$ billions)


Figure 19: Activity in Unfunded Balances - Last Four Quarters (\$ billions)


## Purchased Loans

Purchased loans, which are the remaining loans from acquisitions, accounted for $1.7 \%$ of average total loans and 1.5\% of our average earning assets in the quarter just ended. During the quarter, our purchased loan portfolio decreased $\$ 0.02$ billion, or $4.6 \%$ not annualized, to $\$ 0.36$ billion at March 31, 2023. Over the last four quarters, our purchased loan portfolio decreased by $\$ 0.12$ billion, or $25.0 \%$. Figure 20 shows recent purchased loan portfolio trends.

Figure 20: Purchased Loan Balances and Yields


In the first quarter of 2023, our yield on purchased loans was $7.13 \%$, an increase of 50 bps from the first quarter of 2022, but a decrease of 10 bps from the fourth quarter of 2022.

## Investment Securities Portfolio

As illustrated in Figure 21, at March 31, 2023, our investment securities portfolio was $\$ 3.43$ billion, a decrease of $\$ 0.30$ billion, or $8.1 \%$, from March 31, 2022 and $\$ 0.07$ billion, or $2.1 \%$ not annualized, from December 31, 2022. In the quarter just ended, our investment portfolio yield on a fully taxable equivalent basis was $2.55 \%$, an increase of 107 bps from the first quarter of 2022 and 19 bps from the fourth quarter of 2022.

Figure 21: Investment Securities Portfolio Balances and Yields

*Effective durotion and convexity data as of the end of each respective quarter.

As shown above, our portfolio had an effective duration of 3.64 years. It contains a number of short-term securities providing us cash flow to reinvest at current interest rates or otherwise redeploy. Principal cash flow from maturities and other principal repayments in the second quarter of 2023 is expected to be approximately $\$ 0.19$ billion, or about $5.5 \%$ of the portfolio. Cumulative principal cash flow for the next four quarters through March 31, 2024, is expected to be approximately $\$ 0.63$ billion, or about $18.6 \%$ of the portfolio.

We may increase or decrease our investment securities portfolio in future quarters based on changes in our liquidity position, prevailing market conditions and other factors.

## Deposits and Liquidity

In recent years, we have worked to improve the mix and quality of our deposit base by focusing significant efforts on growing our core relationships. This groundwork has been very helpful in the current environment, allowing us to continue to grow deposits even as many banks have seen deposit outflows. Like many in the industry, we have seen a shift in the mix of deposits away from noninterest bearing and lower cost deposits to more time deposits as many customers have been taking advantage of increases in time deposit rates.

During the quarter just ended, our deposits grew to a record $\$ 22.28$ billion, increasing $\$ 0.78$ billion, or $3.6 \%$ not annualized. Our average deposits for the quarter increased $\$ 1.18$ billion, or $5.7 \%$ not annualized, compared to the fourth quarter of 2022.

Most of our deposits are generated through our network of 229 retail branches in Arkansas, Georgia, Florida, North Carolina, and Texas. Because of the substantial "retail" nature of our deposit base, the majority of our deposits are insured ( $67 \%$ at March 31,2023 ) and, in the case of public funds and certain other deposits, collateralized ( $12 \%$ at March 31, 2023). As of March 31, 2023, our average account balance was approximately $\$ 37,000$. The diversity of our deposit base is an important factor in the stability of our deposits, as demonstrated in the quarter just ended.

Figure 22: Deposit Composition (\$ millions)

|  | Period Ended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3/31/2022 |  |  | 12/31/2022 |  |  | 3/31/2023 |  |  |
| Noninterest Bearing | \$ | 5,009 | 24.6\% | \$ | 4,658 | 21.7\% | \$ | 4,420 | 19.8\% |
| Consumer and Commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest Bearing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumer - Non-time |  | 4,491 | 22.1\% |  | 3,916 | 18.2\% |  | 3,490 | 15.7\% |
| Consumer - Time |  | 4,089 | 20.1\% |  | 4,936 | 23.0\% |  | 6,155 | 27.6\% |
| Commercial - Non-time |  | 2,646 | 13.0\% |  | 2,741 | 12.7\% |  | 2,487 | 11.2\% |
| Commercial - Time |  | 793 | 3.9\% |  | 516 | 2.4\% |  | 560 | 2.5\% |
| Public Funds |  | 2,044 | 10.1\% |  | 2,103 | 9.8\% |  | 2,325 | 10.4\% |
| Brokered |  | 755 | 3.7\% |  | 2,050 | 9.5\% |  | 2,104 | 9.5\% |
| Reciprocal |  | 504 | 2.5\% |  | 578 | 2.7\% |  | 743 | 3.3\% |
| Total | \$ | 20,330 | 100.0\% | \$ | 21,500 | 100.0\% | \$ | 22,283 | 100.0\% |

We maintain substantial and diverse sources of available primary and secondary liquidity, as reflected in Figure 23.

Figure 23: Available Primary and Secondary Liquidity Sources (\$ millions)

|  | As of |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| March 31, 2023 |  |  |
| Cash \& Cash Equivalents | $\$$ | 1,039 |
| Unpledged Investment Securities | 2,665 |  |
| FHLB Borrowing Availability | 4,782 |  |
| Unsecured Lines of Credit | $\mathbf{1 , 0 6 5}$ |  |
| Funds Available Through Fed Discount Window* | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 9 5 6}$ |
| Total |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| * Funds available through Fed discount window does not include any enhanced borrowing |  |  |
| capacity resulting from the recently established Bank Term Funding Program |  |  |

## Net Interest Margin and Core Spread

During the quarter just ended, our net interest margin improved to $5.54 \%$, an increase of eight bps from the fourth quarter of 2022 and 130 bps from the first quarter of 2022.

In the quarter just ended, compared to the fourth quarter of 2022, our yield on average earning assets was $7.19 \%$, an increase of 66 bps , and our cost of interest bearing liabilities was $2.31 \%$, an increase of 77 bps . Compared to the first quarter of 2022, our yield on average earning assets increased 273 bps and our cost of interest bearing liabilities increased 199 bps.

As shown in Figure 24, in the fourth quarter of 2022, the latest quarter for which comparative data is available, our net interest margin outperformed the industry by 209 bps.

Figure 24: Quarterly Net Interest Margin (\%)

*Dato for all FDIC insured institutions from the FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile, last updated fourth quarter 2022.

As reflected in Figure 25, during the quarter just ended, our core spread was $5.87 \%$, a decrease of 18 bps from the fourth quarter of 2022, but an increase of 73 bps from the first quarter of 2022. In the quarter just ended, compared to the fourth quarter of 2022, our yield on non-purchased loans increased 69 bps and our COIBD increased 87 bps, and compared to the first quarter of 2022, our yield on non-purchased loans increased 270 bps and our COIBD increased 197 bps.

Figure 25: Core Spread and COIBD


Over the last four quarters since the Fed started increasing the Fed funds target rate, our non-purchased loan yields have increased more than our COIBD, resulting in our net interest margin and core spread expanding 130 bps and 73 bps, respectively. However, in the quarter just ended, our COIBD increased more than our yield on non-purchased loans, as deposit rates began to catch-up with changes in variable-rate loan yields. Assuming that the Fed is at or near the end of its tightening cycle, we expect our COIBD will continue to increase in the coming quarters at a faster rate than increases in our loan yields, resulting in decreases in our core spread and net interest margin over the remainder of 2023.

In 2022 our growth in net interest income was most significantly a result of net interest margin expansion, and secondarily from growth in average earning assets. In 2023 we expect that continued growth in average earning assets will be the key to growth in net interest income as net interest margin and core spread are expected to decline from recent peaks.

## Variable Rate Loans

At March 31, 2023, 79\% of our funded balance of total loans had variable rates, of which 9\% were tied to 1-month LIBOR, $73 \%$ to 1-month term SOFR, $16 \%$ to WSJ Prime and 2\% to other indexes. At March 31, 2023, $99 \%$ of our variable rate total loans (non-purchased and purchased) had floor rates, and the vast majority of such loans were above their floor rates.

## Provision and Allowance for Credit Losses ("ACL")

Our provision for credit losses was $\$ 35.8$ million for the first quarter compared to $\$ 4.2$ million for the first quarter of 2022 and $\$ 32.5$ million for the fourth quarter of 2022.

As of March 31, 2023, our allowance for loan losses ("ALL") for outstanding loans was $\$ 222.0$ million, or $1.01 \%$ of total outstanding loans, and our reserve for losses on unfunded loan commitments was $\$ 171.7$ million, or $0.82 \%$ of unfunded loan commitments, bringing our total ACL, which includes the ALL and the reserve for losses on our unfunded loan commitments, to $\$ 393.8$ million, or $0.92 \%$ of total outstanding loans and unfunded loan commitments.

Activity in our ACL for the first quarter of 2023 and for the last four quarters is summarized in Figures 26 and 27. Growth in loan balances was a significant factor in the growth in our ACL in both timeframes.

Figure 26: Activity in ACL - 1Q23 (\$ millions)

|  | - Allowance for Loan Losses ("ALL") |  | $\square$ Reserve for losses on unfunded loan commitments ("ULC") |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 500$ $\$ 400$ | $A C L=\$ 365$ | \$21 | \$15 |  | $A C L=\$ 394$ |
| \$300 | \$156 |  |  |  | \$172 |
| \$100 | \$209 |  |  |  | \$222 |
|  | ACL at 12/31/22 | 1Q23 Provision Related to ALL | 1Q23 Provision Related to Reserve on ULC | 1Q23 NCOs | ACL at 3/31/23 |

Figure 27: Activity in ACL - Last Four Quarters (\$ millions)


The calculations of our provision for credit losses for the first quarter of 2023 and our total ACL at March 31, 2023 were based on a number of key estimates, assumptions and economic forecasts. We utilized recent economic forecasts provided by Moody's, including their updates released in March 2023. In our selection of macroeconomic scenarios, we remained weighted to the downside as the combined weightings assigned to the Moody's S4 (Alternative Adverse Downside) and S6 (Stagflation) scenarios exceeded that of the Moody's Baseline scenario. Our selection and weightings of these scenarios reflected our assessment of conditions in the U.S. economy, and acknowledged the uncertainty regarding future U.S. economic conditions, including the elevated risks from: a possible recession; inflationary pressures; increases in the Fed funds target rate and quantitative tightening; U.S. fiscal policy actions, including actions regarding the U.S. debt ceiling; banking industry turmoil; supply chain disruptions; global trade and geopolitical matters; the ongoing war in Ukraine; and various other factors. Our ACL calculations include certain qualitative adjustments to capture items not fully reflected in our modeled results.

## Net Charge-Offs

We have continued our long-standing track record of having net charge-off ratios well below industry averages, as shown in Figure 28. In the quarter just ended, our annualized net charge-off ratio for non-purchased loans was $0.15 \%$, for purchased loans was $-0.59 \%$, and for total loans was $0.14 \%$. In our 25 years as a public company, our net charge-off ratio has outperformed the industry's net charge-off ratio every year and has averaged only about one-third of the industry's net charge-off ratio.

Our portfolio continued to perform very well throughout the pandemic, the Fed's increasing interest rates, higher rates of inflation, and numerous other sources of macroeconomic, political and geo-political turbulence. We have built our portfolio with the goal that it will perform well in adverse economic conditions, and that discipline has been evident in our results over the past few years. As stated in our earnings call held in January 2023, we continue to expect our net charge-off ratio for the full year of 2023 to be in a range of 6 bps to 16 bps .

Figure 28: Annualized Net Charge-off Ratio (Total Loans) vs. the Industry

"Dota for all FDIC insured institutions from the FDIC Quorterly Bonking Profile, last updoted fourth quarter 2022.
Annualized when appropriate.

Our RESG portfolio has a long tradition of excellent asset quality. As shown in Figure 29, we have had only occasional challenges in the RESG portfolio as that portfolio has benefitted from the fact that most of its loans are on newly constructed properties with strong sponsorship, low leverage and protective loan structures. In fact, the weighted average annual net charge-off ratio (including OREO write-downs) for the RESG portfolio over its 20-year history is eight bps.

With occasional exceptions, we expect most sponsors will continue to support their properties, if needed, through times of economic stress until business or economic conditions normalize.

| Year-end | Ending Loan Balance |  | YTD Average Loan Balance |  |  | Net chargeffs ("NCO")* | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NCO } \\ & \text { Ratio** } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2003 | \$ | 5,106 | \$ | 780 | \$ | - | 0.00\% |
| 2004 |  | 52,658 |  | 34,929 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2005 |  | 51,056 |  | 56,404 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2006 |  | 61,323 |  | 58,969 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2007 |  | 209,524 |  | 135,639 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2008 |  | 470,485 |  | 367,279 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2009 |  | 516,045 |  | 504,576 |  | 7,531 | 1.49\% |
| 2010 |  | 567,716 |  | 537,597 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2011 |  | 649,806 |  | 592,782 |  | 2,905 | 0.49\% |
| 2012 |  | 848,441 |  | 737,136 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2013 |  | 1,270,768 |  | 1,085,799 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2014 |  | 2,308,573 |  | 1,680,919 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2015 |  | 4,263,800 |  | 2,953,934 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2016 |  | 6,741,249 |  | 5,569,287 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2017 |  | 8,169,581 |  | 7,408,367 |  | 842 | 0.01\% |
| 2018 |  | 9,077,616 |  | 8,685,191 |  | 45,490 | 0.52\% |
| 2019 |  | 9,391,096 |  | 9,427,266 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2020 |  | 11,591,147 |  | 10,651,549 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 2021 |  | 11,367,505 |  | 11,149,098 |  | 1,891 | 0.02\% |
| 2022 |  | 12,598,957 |  | 11,590,988 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| 3/31/23 |  | 13,373,754 |  | 12,929,348 |  | - | 0.00\% |
| Total |  |  |  |  | \$ | 58,659 |  |

Weighted Average $0.08 \%$

* Net charge-offs shown in this column reflect both net charge-offs and OREO write-downs.
** Annualized.


## Other Asset Quality Measures

As shown in Figures 30, 31 and 32, the dollar volumes of our nonperforming non-purchased loans, nonperforming assets and past due non-purchased loans continued our longstanding track record of outperforming industry averages. We expect our asset quality to continue to outperform industry averages.

Figure 30: Nonperforming Non-purchased Loans ("NPLs")


* Note: Data for all FDIC insured institutions from the FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile, last updated fourth quarter 2022. Percent of Loans Noncurrent is the percentage of loans that are past due 90 days or more or that are in nonaccrual status.

At March 31, 2023, our ratio of nonperforming non-purchased loans to total loans (excluding purchased loans) was $0.15 \%$ compared to $0.22 \%$ as of December 31, 2022.

Figure 31: Nonperforming Assets ("NPAs")

** Note: Data for all FDIC insured institutions from the FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile, last updated fourth quarter 2022. Noncurrent assets plus other real estate owned to assets (\%).

At March 31, 2023, our ratio of nonperforming assets to total assets (excluding purchased loans, except for their inclusion in total assets) was $0.34 \%$ compared to $0.19 \%$ as of December 31, 2022. Excluding the previously discussed land that moved to foreclosed assets, such nonperforming assets ratio would have improved in the quarter just ended compared to December 31, 2022.

Figure 32: Non-purchased Loans Past Due 30+ Days, Including Past Due Nonaccrual Non-purchased Loans ("Loans Past Due")


[^7]
## Non-interest Income

Non-interest income for the first quarter of 2023 was $\$ 27.8$ million, a decrease of $11.6 \%$ from the first quarter of 2022, but a $0.9 \%$ increase from the fourth quarter of 2022 . Figures 33 and 34 , respectively, summarize noninterest income for the most recent nine quarters and year-over-year trends for the first quarter of 2023.

Figure 33: Quarterly Trends in Non-interest Income (\$ thousands)

|  | For the Three Months Ended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3/31/2021 |  | 6/30/2021 |  | 9/30/2021 |  | 12/31/2021 |  | 3/31/2022 |  | 6/30/2022 |  | 9/30/2022 |  | 12/31/2022 |  | 3/31/2023 |  |
| Service charges on deposit accounts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NSF fees | \$ | 862 | \$ | 848 | \$ | 1,045 | \$ | 1,092 | \$ | 1,080 | \$ | 1,079 | \$ | 1,152 | \$ | 1,025 | \$ | 991 |
| Overdraft fees |  | 2,461 |  | 2,396 |  | 3,035 |  | 3,223 |  | 3,121 |  | 3,168 |  | 3,656 |  | 3,442 |  | 3,287 |
| All other service charges |  | 6,342 |  | 7,067 |  | 7,097 |  | 7,149 |  | 6,690 |  | 7,184 |  | 7,089 |  | 7,138 |  | 6,502 |
| Trust income |  | 2,206 |  | 1,911 |  | 2,247 |  | 2,141 |  | 2,094 |  | 1,911 |  | 2,007 |  | 1,977 |  | 2,033 |
| BOLI income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Increase in cash surrender value |  | 4,881 |  | 4,919 |  | 4,940 |  | 4,901 |  | 4,793 |  | 4,846 |  | 4,940 |  | 4,953 |  | 4,974 |
| Death benefit |  | 1,409 |  | - |  | - |  | 618 |  | 297 |  | - |  | 510 |  | - |  | - |
| Loan service, maintenance and other fees |  | 3,551 |  | 3,953 |  | 3,307 |  | 3,148 |  | 3,018 |  | 3,603 |  | 3,418 |  | 3,780 |  | 4,076 |
| Net gains (losses) on investment securities - Trading |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | 504 |  | (90) |  | 531 |  | 321 |  | 1,256 |  | 1,716 |
| Gains (losses) on sales of other assets |  | 5,828 |  | 2,341 |  | 463 |  | 1,330 |  | 6,992 |  | 784 |  | 3,182 |  | 510 |  | 343 |
| Other |  | 4,577 |  | 4,307 |  | 3,850 |  | 5,589 |  | 3,480 |  | 3,214 |  | 2,888 |  | 3,463 |  | 3,887 |
| Total non-interest income | \$ | 32,117 | \$ | 27,742 | \$ | 25,984 | \$ | 29,695 | \$ | 31,475 | \$ | 26,320 | \$ | 29,163 | \$ | 27,544 | \$ | 27,809 |

Figure 34: Trends in Non-interest Income - 2022 vs. 2023 (\$ thousands)

|  | For the Three Months Ended |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $3 / 31 / 2022$ | $3 / 31 / 2023$ | \% Change |  |
| Service charges on deposit accounts: | $\$ 1,080$ | $\$$ | 991 | $-8.2 \%$ |
| $\quad$ NSF fees | 3,121 | 3,287 | $5.3 \%$ |  |
| $\quad$ Overdraft fees | 6,690 | 6,502 | $-2.8 \%$ |  |
| $\quad$ All other service charges | 2,094 | 2,033 | $-2.9 \%$ |  |
| Trust income |  |  |  |  |
| BOLI income: | 4,793 | 4,974 | $3.8 \%$ |  |
| $\quad$ Increase in cash surrender value | 297 | - | NM |  |
| $\quad$ Death benefit | 3,018 | 4,076 | $35.1 \%$ |  |
| Loan service, maintenance and other fees | $\mathbf{9 0})$ | 1,716 | NM |  |
| Net gains (losses) on investment securities - Trading | 6,992 | 343 | $-95.1 \%$ |  |
| Gains (losses) on sales of other assets | 3,480 | 3,887 | $11.7 \%$ |  |
| Other | $\$$ | 31,475 | $\$$ | 27,809 |
| Total non-interest income | $-11.6 \%$ |  |  |  |

## Non-interest Expense

Non-interest expense for the first quarter of 2023 was $\$ 126.2$ million, an increase of $17.2 \%$ from the first quarter of 2022 and $6.1 \%$ from the fourth quarter of 2022.
$\left.\begin{array}{llll}\text { During } 2022 \text { and the first quarter of 2023, increases in salaries and } \\ \text { employee benefits expense were significant contributors to increased }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { Figure 35: FTE Headcount and Salaries } \\ \text { \& Benefits Expense }\end{array}\right]$

FDIC deposit insurance assessment rates increased for all banks effective January 1, 2023, which contributed to our $\$ 1.4$ million increase in this expense category in the quarter just ended compared to the fourth quarter of 2022. Additional increases in FDIC deposit insurance expense are expected in future quarters because of our expected growth and the likelihood of one or more special assessments on the industry as a result of recent bank failures. Advertising and public relations expense also increased $\$ 1.0$ million in the quarter just ended compared to the fourth quarter of 2022, and it will likely continue to increase in future quarters. Amortization of CRA and tax credits investments increased $\$ 1.0$ million in the quarter just ended compared to the fourth quarter of 2022 and will likely increase in future quarters as we continue to invest in low-income housing, renewable energy and other tax credits. Our effective income tax rate is reduced by the impact of the tax credits. We expect most categories of non-interest expense will continue to increase in 2023 due to a combination of growth expected in our business and inflationary macroeconomic conditions. We expect total non-interest expense for the full year 2023 to increase at a percentage rate in the mid-teens compared to full year 2022, while maintaining an efficiency ratio in the mid-30\% range.

Figures 36 and 37, respectively, summarize non-interest expense for the most recent nine quarters and year-overyear trends for the first quarter of 2023.

Figure 36: Quarterly Trends in Non-interest Expense (\$ thousands)

|  | For the Three Months Ended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3/31/2021 | 6/30/2021 | 9/30/2021 | 12/31/2021 | 3/31/2022 | 6/30/2022 | 9/30/2022 | 12/31/2022 | 3/31/2023 |
| Salaries \& employee benefits | \$ 53,645 | \$ 52,119 | \$ 53,769 | \$ 55,034 | \$ 54,648 | \$ 54,412 | \$ 57,367 | \$ 59,946 | \$ 63,249 |
| Net occupancy and equipment | 16,468 | 16,168 | 17,161 | 17,004 | 17,215 | 17,014 | 18,244 | 17,584 | 17,870 |
| Software and data processing | 7,985 | 8,334 | 8,134 | 8,544 | 8,186 | 8,976 | 8,699 | 9,512 | 9,283 |
| Professional and outside services | 4,133 | 5,396 | 4,847 | 5,501 | 4,817 | 5,708 | 5,404 | 5,652 | 5,105 |
| Advertising and public relations | 308 | 593 | 719 | 1,151 | 1,259 | 1,103 | 3,448 | 2,987 | 4,036 |
| Telecommunication services | 2,232 | 2,165 | 1,966 | 2,064 | 2,010 | 1,921 | 1,921 | 2,134 | 2,273 |
| Travel and meals | 774 | 1,419 | 1,617 | 1,883 | 1,758 | 2,186 | 1,962 | 1,755 | 1,815 |
| Deposit insurance and assessments | 3,520 | 2,885 | 2,655 | 2,125 | 2,150 | 2,100 | 2,650 | 2,710 | 4,148 |
| Amortization of intangibles | 1,730 | 1,602 | 1,545 | 1,517 | 1,517 | 1,516 | 1,298 | 1,189 | 1,189 |
| Postage and supplies | 1,645 | 1,544 | 1,530 | 1,909 | 1,698 | 1,507 | 2,035 | 1,906 | 1,926 |
| ATM expense | 1,283 | 1,486 | 1,846 | 1,639 | 1,509 | 1,488 | 1,500 | 1,834 | 2,139 |
| Loan collection and repossession expense | 509 | 540 | 407 | 587 | 325 | 353 | 402 | 306 | 386 |
| Writedowns of foreclosed assets | 1,363 | 123 | 990 | 985 | 258 | - | 87 | 710 | 941 |
| Amortization of CRA and tax credit investments | 4,125 | 3,227 | 4,972 | 2,755 | 5,102 | 4,628 | 5,155 | 5,408 | 6,414 |
| Other expenses | 6,339 | 6,110 | 8,239 | 7,408 | 5,263 | 6,388 | 5,519 | 5,380 | 5,443 |
| Total non-interest expense | \$ 106,059 | \$ 103,711 | \$110,397 | \$ 110,106 | \$ 107,715 | \$ 109,300 | \$ 115,691 | \$119,013 | \$126,217 |

Figure 37: Trends in Non-interest Expense - 2022 vs. 2023 (\$ thousands)

|  | For the Three Months Ended |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 3/31/2022 | $\mathbf{3 / 3 1 / 2 0 2 3}$ | \%Change |  |
| Salaries \& employee benefits | $\$$ | 54,648 | $\$$ | 63,249 |
| Net occupancy and equipment |  | 17,215 | 17,870 | $15.7 \%$ |
| Software and data processing | 8,186 | 9,283 | $13.8 \%$ |  |
| Professional and outside services | 4,817 | 5,105 | $6.0 \%$ |  |
| Advertising and public relations | 1,259 | 4,036 | $220.5 \%$ |  |
| Telecommunication services | 2,010 | 2,273 | $13.1 \%$ |  |
| Travel and meals | 1,758 | 1,815 | $3.3 \%$ |  |
| Deposit insurance and assessments | 2,150 | 4,148 | $92.9 \%$ |  |
| Amortization of intangibles | 1,517 | 1,189 | $-21.6 \%$ |  |
| Postage and supplies | 1,698 | 1,926 | $13.4 \%$ |  |
| ATM expense | 1,509 | 2,139 | $41.8 \%$ |  |
| Loan collection and repossession expense | 325 | 386 | $18.8 \%$ |  |
| Writedowns of foreclosed assets | 258 | 941 | $264.6 \%$ |  |
| Amortization of CRA and tax credit investments |  | 5,102 | 6,414 | $25.7 \%$ |
| Other expenses | 5,263 | 5,443 | $3.4 \%$ |  |
|  |  | 107,715 | $\$$ | 126,217 |

## Efficiency Ratio

As shown in Figure 38, in the quarter just ended, our efficiency ratio was 33.6\%. Our efficiency ratio has been in the top decile of the industry for 20 consecutive years.*

Most banks with a good efficiency ratio focus relentlessly on controlling costs. We take a different approach. We achieve our excellent efficiency ratio by pursuing a business model that generates strong revenue. This allows us to be highly efficient while also constantly improving our products and technology for our customers and providing competitive pay and benefits for our teammates.

Figure 38: Quarterly Efficiency Ratio (\%)


* Data from S\&P Capital IQ
** Data for all FDIC insured institutions from the FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile, last updoted fourth quarter 2022.


## Effective Tax Rate

Our effective tax rate for the quarter just ended was 19.3\%. Assuming no changes in applicable state or federal income tax rates, we expect our effective tax rate for the full year of 2023 to be between $20.5 \%$ and $21.5 \%$. Our expected effective tax rate for 2023 is lower than our effective tax rate in 2022 primarily due to our higher level of investments in low-income housing, renewable energy and other tax credits.

## Capital and Dividends

Our historically strong earnings and earnings retention rate, among other factors, have contributed to our building robust capital ratios, as shown in Figure 39, which are among the strongest in the industry. We are focused on strategies to utilize our excess capital that are in the best long-term interest of our shareholders. Options for deploying our excess capital include organic loan growth, adding new business lines, continuing to increase our cash dividend, continued stock repurchases, and financially attractive acquisitions for cash or some combination of cash and stock. Because of our strong capital position, we can implement multiple capital deployment opportunities simultaneously. Organic loan growth will continue to be our top growth priority, and we are optimistic about our growth prospects in the remainder of 2023 and 2024.

Figure 39: Capital Ratios

|  | Regulatory Minimum |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Estimated $3 / 31 / 2023$ | 6 | Be Considered Well Capitalized | Excess Capital |
| CET 1 Ratio | 11.10\% |  | 6.50\% | 4.60\% |
| Tier 1 Ratio | 12.10\% |  | 8.00\% | 4.10\% |
| Total RBC Ratio | 14.60\% |  | 10.00\% | 4.60\% |
| Tier 1 Leverage | 15.30\% |  | 5.00\% | 10.30\% |

We have increased our cash dividend in each of the last 51 quarters and every year since going public in 1997. We expect that we will continue to increase our cash dividend in future quarters.

## Stock Repurchase Program

In November 2022, our Board approved a stock repurchase program authorizing the purchase of up to \$300 million of our outstanding common stock through expiration of the plan on November 9, 2023. During the quarter just ended, we repurchased approximately 2.35 million shares for $\$ 85.3$ million. At March 31, 2023, our current stock repurchase program had $\$ 199.6$ million authorization remaining, and we expect to continue to repurchase shares in the current and future quarters of this year.

In evaluating any plans for future stock repurchases, management will consider a variety of factors including our capital position, expected growth, alternative uses of capital, liquidity, financial performance, stock price, current and expected macroeconomic environment, regulatory requirements and other factors.

[^8]During the quarter just ended, our book value per common share increased to $\$ 38.43$ compared to $\$ 37.13$ as of December 31, 2022, and $\$ 35.47$ as of March 31, 2022. Over the last 10 years, we have increased book value per common share by a cumulative $419 \%$, resulting in a compound annual growth rate of $17.9 \%$, as shown in Figure 40.

Figure 40: Book Value per Share (Period End)


During the quarter just ended, our tangible book value per common share increased to \$32.68 compared to \$31.47 as of December 31, 2022 and $\$ 30.03$ as of March 31, 2022. Over the last 10 years, we have increased tangible book value per common share by a cumulative $351 \%$, resulting in a compound annual growth rate of $16.3 \%$, as shown in Figure 41.

Figure 41: Tangible Book Value per Share (Period End) ${ }^{7}$


[^9]
## Final Thoughts

Our excellent results for the quarter just ended were consistent with our outlook for 2023. We always want to improve, and that constant improvement includes building in future quarters on our recent record results, including our record net income and earnings per share. We believe that is a reasonable goal. We continue to have a cautiously positive outlook for the coming quarters, even considering the likely near-term macroeconomic challenges. We believe we are well-positioned to capitalize on opportunities that those challenges may create.

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

## Calculation of Average Common Stockholders' Equity, Average Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity and the <br> Annualized Returns on Average Common Stockholders' Equity and

## Average Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity

Unaudited (Dollars in Thousands)

|  | Three Months Ended * |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3/31/2022 | 3/31/2023 |  |
| Net Income Available To Common Stockholders | \$ 128,028 | \$ | 165,853 |
| Average Stockholders' Equity Before |  |  |  |
| Noncontrolling Interest | 4,788,294 |  | 4,751,481 |
| Less Average Preferred Stock | $(338,980)$ |  | $(338,980)$ |
| Total Average common stockholders' equity | 4,449,314 |  | 4,412,501 |
| Less Average Intangible Assets: |  |  |  |
| Goodwill | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |
| Core deposit and other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization | $(7,572)$ |  | $(2,243)$ |
| Total Average Intangibles | $(668,361)$ |  | $(663,032)$ |
| Average Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity | \$ 3,780,953 | \$ | 3,749,469 |
| Return On Average Common Stockholders' Equity | 11.67\% |  | 15.24\% |
| Return On Average Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity | 13.73\% |  | 17.94\% |

* Ratios for interim periods annualized based on actual days


## Calculation of Pre-Tax Pre-Provision Net Revenue

Unaudited (Dollars in Thousands)

|  | Three Months Ended |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3/31/2022 |  | 3/31/2023 |  |
| Net income available to common stockholders | \$ | 128,028 | \$ | 165,853 |
| Preferred stock dividends |  | 4,480 |  | 4,047 |
| Earnings attributable to noncontrolling interest |  | (5) |  | 12 |
| Provision for income taxes |  | 36,410 |  | 40,703 |
| Provision for credit losses |  | 4,190 |  | 35,829 |
| Pre-tax pre-provision net revenue | \$ | 173,103 | \$ | 246,444 |

## Calculation of Total Common Stockholders' Equity, Total Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity and Tangible <br> Book Value per Share

Unaudited (Dollars in Thousands, Except per Share)

|  | As of March 31, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  | 2018 |  |
| Total stockholders' equity before noncontrolling interest | \$ | 523,679 | \$ | 653,208 | \$ | 1,179,256 | \$ | 1,508,080 | \$ | 2,873,317 | \$ | 3,526,605 |
| Less preferred stock |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |
| Total common stockholders' equity |  | 523,679 |  | 653,208 |  | 1,179,256 |  | 1,508,080 |  | 2,873,317 |  | 3,526,605 |
| Less intangible assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(5,243)$ |  | $(5,243)$ |  | $(125,603)$ |  | $(125,693)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |
| Core deposit and other intangibles, net of accumulated amortization |  | $(6,015)$ |  | $(15,750)$ |  | $(29,907)$ |  | $(25,172)$ |  | $(57,686)$ |  | $(45,107)$ |
| Total intangibles |  | $(11,258)$ |  | $(20,993)$ |  | $(155,510)$ |  | $(150,865)$ |  | $(718,475)$ |  | $(705,896)$ |
| Total tangible common stockholders' equity | \$ | 512,421 | \$ | 632,215 | \$ | 1,023,746 | \$ | 1,357,215 | \$ | 2,154,842 | \$ | 2,820,709 |
| Common shares outstanding (thousands) |  | 70,734 |  | 73,888 |  | 86,758 |  | 90,714 |  | 121,575 |  | 128,612 |
| Book value per common share | \$ | 7.40 | \$ | 8.84 | \$ | 13.59 | \$ | 16.62 | \$ | 23.63 | \$ | 27.42 |
| Tangible book value per common share | \$ | 7.24 | \$ | 8.56 | \$ | 11.80 | \$ | 14.96 | \$ | 17.72 | \$ | 21.93 |


|  | As of March 31, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { As of } \\ \text { Dec. 31, } 2022 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2019 |  | 2020 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2023 |  |  |  |
| Total stockholders' equity before noncontrolling interest | \$ | 3,882,643 | \$ | 4,083,150 | \$ | 4,383,205 | \$ | 4,690,057 | \$ | 4,761,927 | \$ | 4,689,579 |
| Less preferred stock |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $(338,980)$ |  | $(338,980)$ |  | $(338,980)$ |
| Total common stockholders' equity |  | 3,882,643 |  | 4,083,150 |  | 4,383,205 |  | 4,351,077 |  | 4,422,947 |  | 4,350,599 |
| Less intangible assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |  | $(660,789)$ |
| Core deposit and other intangibles, net of accumulated amortization |  | $(32,527)$ |  | $(20,958)$ |  | $(12,939)$ |  | $(6,757)$ |  | $(1,565)$ |  | $(2,754)$ |
| Total intangibles |  | $(693,316)$ |  | $(681,747)$ |  | $(673,728)$ |  | $(667,546)$ |  | $(662,354)$ |  | $(663,543)$ |
| Total tangible common stockholders' equity | \$ | 3,189,327 | \$ | 3,401,403 | \$ | 3,709,477 | \$ | 3,683,531 | \$ | 3,760,593 | \$ | 3,687,056 |
| Common shares outstanding (thousands) |  | 128,948 |  | 129,324 |  | 129,719 |  | 122,677 |  | 115,080 |  | 117,177 |
| Book value per common share | \$ | 30.11 | \$ | 31.57 | \$ | 33.79 | \$ | 35.47 | \$ | 38.43 | \$ | 37.13 |
| Tangible book value per common share | \$ | 24.73 | \$ | 26.30 | \$ | 28.60 | \$ | 30.03 | \$ | 32.68 | \$ | 31.47 |

Note: All share and per share data adjusted to reflect impact of 2-for-1 stock split on June 23, 2014.

# Calculation of Total Common Stockholders' Equity, Total Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity and the Ratio of Total Tangible Common Stockholders' Equity to Total Tangible Assets 

Unaudited (Dollars in Thousands, Except per Share)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { March 31, } \\ 2023 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total stockholders' equity before noncontrolling interest | \$ | 4,761,927 |
| Less preferred stock |  | $(338,980)$ |
| Total common stockholders' equity |  | 4,422,947 |
| Less intangible assets: |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(660,789)$ |
| Core deposit and other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization |  | $(1,565)$ |
| Total intangibles |  | $(662,354)$ |
| Total tangible common stockholders' equity | \$ | 3,760,593 |
| Total assets | \$ | 28,971,170 |
| Less intangible assets: |  |  |
| Goodwill |  | $(660,789)$ |
| Core deposit and other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization |  | $(1,565)$ |
| Total intangibles |  | $(662,354)$ |
| Total tangible assets |  | 28,308,816 |
| Ratio of total common stockholders' equity to total assets |  | 15.27\% |
| Ratio of total tangible common stockholders' equity to total tangible assets |  | 13.28\% |


[^0]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Calculations of pre-tax pre-provision net revenue and the reconciliation to GAAP are included in the schedules that follow under the caption "Reconciliation of NonGAAP Financial Measures."
    ${ }^{(2)}$ Ratios for interim periods annualized based on actual days.
    ${ }^{(3)}$ Excludes purchased loans and net charge-offs related to such loans.
    ${ }^{(4)}$ Excludes purchased loans, except for their inclusion in total assets.
    ${ }^{(5)}$ Excludes reserve for losses on unfunded loan commitments.

[^1]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Core spread is the difference between the yield on the Bank's non-purchased loans-FTE and the rate on its interest bearing deposits.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Source: S\&P Global CapIQ. Data as of December 31, 2022, and for the fourth quarter of 2022.

[^3]:    ${ }^{2}$ The calculation of the Bank's PPNR and the reconciliation to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") are included in the schedule at the end of this presentation.
    ${ }^{3}$ Excludes purchased loans, except for their inclusion in total assets.
    ${ }^{4}$ The calculation of the Bank's tangible common stockholders' equity and the reconciliation to GAAP are included in the schedule at the end of this presentation.

[^4]:    ${ }^{5}$ The calculation of the Bank's annualized returns on average common stockholders' equity and average tangible common stockholders' equity and the reconciliation to GAAP are included in the schedule at the end of this presentation.

[^5]:    * CBSG is a team focused on subscription finance, other secured non-real estate lending opportunities, and our small shared national credit portfolio.

[^6]:    * LTC and LTV ratios are weighted averages and assume all loans are fully funded. LTV data based on most recent appraisals and utilizing, in most cases, "as stabilized" values for income producing properties.
    ** Mixed use projects contain multiple property types, none of which individually contribute $75 \%$ or more of the project value.

[^7]:    *** Note: Data for all FDIC insured institutions from the FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile, last updated fourth quarter 2022. Percent of Loans Noncurrent + Percent of Loans 30-89 Days Past Due.

[^8]:    ${ }^{6}$ Ratios as of March 31, 2023 are preliminary estimates and are subject to revision upon filing of our FFIEC 041 Call Report.

[^9]:    ${ }^{7}$ See the schedule at the end of this presentation for the reconciliation of tangible book value per common share to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

